

The focus is on phased partnerships

In the first half of 2025, such sectors as construction (110.8%), information and communication (104.8%) were the drivers of gross domestic growth in Belarus. Exports of goods and services in the first five months of this year exceeded the level of the previous year. Supplies to the countries of the far arc continue to increase: to the countries of Africa - 1.6 times growth, to the countries of Latin America - almost 1.7 times, to South-East and Central Asia - by 25%. In particular, we are particularly pleased with the African vector, which is currently demonstrating steady development dynamics. At the same time, the Belarusian side emphasizes pragmatic and mutually beneficial cooperation, offering its partners concrete solutions in such areas as agriculture, education, healthcare, and machine building. Successful implementation of joint economic projects and cooperation based on the principles of sovereign equality attract many non-CIS countries to Belarus. Among them are Zimbabwe, Equatorial Guinea, Algeria, Libya, Guinea-Bissau, Uganda, which have intensified their relations with Belarus in 2025. In Latin America we can name Nicaragua, in Southeast Asia - Vietnam. How are these relations developing? This is the subject of this study.



Boris Zalesskij

Professional experience in journalism - fifty years. For twenty years he worked as an associate professor of the International Journalism Department of the Journalism Faculty of the Belarusian State University. Areas of research: contemporary international relations; international journalism and media cooperation.



The focus is on phased partnerships

Belarus' multifaceted economic cooperation on different continents

Boris Zalesskij

Boris Zalesskij

The focus is on phased partnerships

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

Boris Zalesskij

The focus is on phased partnerships

**Belarus' multifaceted economic cooperation on different
continents**

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

ScieniaScripts

Imprint

Any brand names and product names mentioned in this book are subject to trademark, brand or patent protection and are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders. The use of brand names, product names, common names, trade names, product descriptions etc. even without a particular marking in this work is in no way to be construed to mean that such names may be regarded as unrestricted in respect of trademark and brand protection legislation and could thus be used by anyone.

Cover image: www.ingimage.com

This book is a translation from the original published under ISBN 978-620-8-06463-1.

Publisher:

Scienza Scriptis

is a trademark of

Dodo Books Indian Ocean Ltd. and OmniScriptum S.R.L publishing group

120 High Road, East Finchley, London, N2 9ED, United Kingdom

Str. Armeneasca 28/1, office 1, Chisinau MD-2012, Republic of Moldova, Europe

Managing Directors: Ieva Konstantinova, Victoria Ursu

info@omniscryptum.com

Printed at: see last page

ISBN: 978-620-9-02783-3

Copyright © Boris Zalesskij

Copyright © 2025 Dodo Books Indian Ocean Ltd. and OmniScriptum S.R.L publishing group

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

Table of Contents

Additional impetus for expanding cooperation	2
Steps towards multifaceted cooperation	12
The goal – sustainable development dynamics	23
Increasing trade and establishing joint ventures	35
Promoting partnerships	48
To continue mutually beneficial partnership in stages	57
From East Asia to West Africa	66
Literature.....	80

Additional impetus for expanding cooperation

In June 2025, the 11th meeting of the Joint Intergovernmental Commission (JIC) on cooperation between **Belarus** and **Uzbekistan** was held in Minsk, where topical issues of bilateral interaction in such areas as industrial cooperation, transport links, agriculture, interregional cooperation, healthcare, and cultural and humanitarian exchanges. Following the discussion, the parties expressed mutual interest in the further progressive development of trade and economic cooperation. It should be noted that trade turnover between the two countries in 2024 amounted to US\$620.1 million, which is 14.8% more than in the previous year¹. The structure of Uzbek supplies to the Belarusian market was dominated by industrial goods, finished products, foodstuffs, and transport equipment. At the same time, the main volume of exports from Belarus to Uzbekistan consisted of foodstuffs, machine-building products, chemical products, and raw materials for industry. In this regard, we would like to note an interesting fact. "In 2024, Kamvol, Belarus' largest full-cycle textile manufacturer, increased its exports to Uzbekistan tenfold, including through the supply of new types of products to the Uzbek market"².

Last year, a roadmap for cooperation between Belarus and Uzbekistan for 2024-2025 was signed, setting the goal of bringing bilateral trade turnover to one billion dollars. And at the 11th meeting of the Intergovernmental Commission, the parties agreed to intensify bilateral cooperation. In particular, Belarus expressed its readiness to

¹ The 11th meeting of the Joint Uzbek-Belarusian Intergovernmental Commission was held in Minsk [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: https://eccis.org/news/29998/v_minske_sostojalos_11-e_zasedanie_sovmestnoj_uzbeksko-belorusskoj_mezhpravitelstvennoj_komissii

² Exports of fabrics by Kamvol OJSC to Uzbekistan increased tenfold in 2024 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/eksport-tekanej-oao-kamvol-v-uzbekistan-v-2024-godu-vyros-v-10-raz-694868-2025/>

supply high-quality food products, as well as products from the woodworking, petrochemical, and pharmaceutical industries, agricultural and freight equipment, medical supplies, and household appliances. On the other hand, our republic "continues to have a steady demand for supplies from Uzbekistan of raw materials necessary for Belarusian industry, cotton yarn and knitwear, rolled metal products, and wine materials. Vegetables and fruits remain a traditional import item from Uzbekistan, as they do not grow in our country [Belarus] due to climatic conditions or have a later ripening period."³ .

In addition, Uzbekistan is interested in developing and expanding industrial cooperation with Belarus, "primarily by creating export-oriented joint ventures for the production of high value-added products"⁴ . In particular, there are already successful examples of cooperation in light industry. There are also successful projects in other industries. The Minsk Tractor Plant is working on organizing tractor assembly in Uzbekistan. The Minsk Motor Plant, together with LLC "Planeta servis," is implementing a project to organize the assembly production of diesel generators. Also, "the issue of building a cable and wire production facility in Uzbekistan was discussed earlier, and there are already results. The parties expect to see joint finished products in the near future," said⁵ .

As part of the 11th meeting of the Intergovernmental Commission in Minsk, the 6th meeting of the Belarusian-Uzbek working group on agriculture and the food industry was also held, at which it was noted that by the end of 2024, trade turnover "in the food and agricultural raw

³ Trade turnover between Belarus and Uzbekistan increased 2.3 times over five years [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/tovarooborot-belarusi-i-uzbekistana-za-piat-let-uvelichilsia-v-23-raza-721650-2025/>

⁴ Uzbekistan is interested in developing industrial cooperation with Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/uzbekistan-zainteresovan-v-razviti-i-promkooperatsii-s-belarusiju-721670-2025/>

⁵ Belarus is ready to increase food and equipment supplies to Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-gotova-naraschivat-postavki-v-uzbekistan-prodovolstvija-i-tehniki-721662-2025/>

materials sector increased by 37.5% compared to the previous year. Exports of Belarusian products are growing at a particularly high rate, almost doubling by 140.4%." ⁶ . Currently, Belarus supplies Uzbekistan with meat and meat products, dairy products, sugar, fish, and chocolate. In the opposite direction, fruits, berries, vegetables, and melons are supplied.

At the same meeting, special attention was paid to joint projects. "For example, a poultry meat production complex is being developed in the Tashkent region. An experimental demonstration field for blueberries is being created in Uzbekistan, and cooperation between the Belarusian Flax Institute and scientific institutions in Uzbekistan on the selection and cultivation of new flax varieties is continuing. In addition, work is underway to test Belarusian potato varieties () in Uzbekistan," ⁷ . The Uzbek side expressed interest in our potato varieties suitable for the production of chips and French fries, as well as in increasing supplies of Belarusian beef and breeding cattle. The partners also agreed to expand cooperation in the field of agricultural machinery certification and the introduction of animal monitoring systems. Finally, the Belarusian side "announced plans to participate in a tender for the supply of peat and offered Uzbek specialists the opportunity to consider internships in our country" ⁸ .

In this context, it should be added that in the first half of 2025, Belarusian exporters were very active in the Uzbek market through

⁶ Belarus almost doubled its exports of agricultural products to Uzbekistan in 2024 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-pochti-vdvoe-narastila-eksport-selhozproduktov-v-uzbekistan-v-2024-godu-718637-2025/>

⁷ Blueberry experimental field and potato variety testing. What agricultural projects connect Belarus and Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/opytnoe-pole-golubiki-i-sortoispytaniia-kartoshki-kakie-agrarnye-proekty-svjazyvajut-belarus-i-719983-2025/>

⁸ Uzbekistan is ready to increase supplies of Belarusian beef and breeding cattle [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/uzbekistan-gotov-naraschivat-postavki-belorusskoj-govjadiny-i-plemennogo-skota-721716-2025/>

international exhibition forums. For example, in April of this year, at the Uzexpocenter national exhibition complex in Tashkent, at **the 24th international exhibition of food products, ingredients, and production technologies, UzFood 2025**, where "more than 350 companies from about 30 countries around the world were represented, including Germany, the Netherlands, Jordan, Malaysia, the UAE, China, Russia, India, Sri Lanka, Turkey, and Austria"⁹, an exhibition featuring Belarusian manufacturers **Belarus. The Taste of Nature** included four exhibition locations. The Belarusian state food industry concern "Belgospischeprom" presented confectionery products, pastila, and marmalade products made from natural ingredients. Sausage products, canned goods, beef products, cheeses, and skimmed milk powder were exhibited by the enterprises of the State Unitary Enterprise "Management Company of the Holding Concern Brestmyasomolprom." Halal-certified broiler chicken products were presented by one of the largest producers of high-quality chicken meat, OJSC Poultry Farm Druzhba. A wide range of sausage products and canned goods was presented by well-known domestic meat processing plants. Among the Belarusian companies participating in UzFood 2025 were also the flagships of the dairy industry – OJSC Babushkina Krynka and OJSC Molokhny Mir.

Belarusian industrial developments from well-known domestic brands were presented in April as part of the **Made in Belarus** collective exhibition at **the 5th international specialized exhibition INNOPROM. Central Asia** in Tashkent. The main objective of this exhibition forum is "to expand industrial cooperation with countries in the region and establish contacts between industrial enterprises and government agencies

⁹ Belarus. The Taste of Nature exhibition presented at the largest food exhibition in Tashkent [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/ekspozitsija-belarushe-taste-of-nature-predstavlena-na-krupneyshej-pischevoj-vystavke-v-tashkente-707924-2025/>

in Uzbekistan and foreign countries"¹⁰. This time, the exhibition brought together more than 400 participating companies and over 10,000 professional visitors from about 40 countries, including Uzbekistan, Russia, Kazakhstan, China, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Turkey, and Azerbaijan. The Belarusian exhibition showcased products from 17 Belarusian companies and their subsidiaries, including well-known domestic companies such as Belarusian Automobile Plant, Gomselmash, BKM Holding, Belarusian Metallurgical Plant, and Integral, which presented unique industrial samples and comprehensive solutions.

In May, Belarusian companies were represented at **the international petrochemical exhibition "Oil and Gas of Uzbekistan – OGU 2025,"** which took place in the Uzbek capital and is a key event for representatives of the oil and gas industry, a platform for the exchange of experience among experts in the fuel and energy complex. This forum brought together "exhibitors from 20 countries, including expert communities from Russia, China, Japan, the UAE, and representatives of the European Union"¹¹. The Belarusian exhibition featured leading enterprises in the petrochemical industry. Oil refining and petroleum product manufacturing were demonstrated by OJSC Naftan and OJSC Mozyr Oil Refinery. Products based on polyamide-6 were presented by the Zavod Khimvolokno branch of OJSC Grodno Azot. As part of the Oil and Gas of Uzbekistan – OGU 2025 exhibition, bilateral meetings with representatives of foreign enterprises and companies were held with the participation of the Belarusian side, as well as thematic round tables and business events on expanding points of interaction and cooperation.

¹⁰ The INNOPROM. Central Asia exhibition welcomes Belarusian manufacturers to Tashkent [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/vvstavka-innoprom-tsentralnaja-azija-prinimaet-ekspozitsiju-belorusskih-proizvoditelej-v-tashkente-711830-2025/>

¹¹ Belarusian companies represented at petrochemical exhibition in Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belorusskie-predpriiatija-predstavleny-na-neftehimicheskoj-vystavke-v-uzbekistane-714580-2025/>

Returning to the 11th meeting of the JPC, we note that the parties agreed to give appropriate momentum to the work of the joint Belarusian-Uzbek commission on cooperation in the field of science and technology. This is all the more important given that back in December 2024, the State Committee for Science and Technology of Belarus and the Ministry of Higher Education, Science and Innovation of Uzbekistan announced a competition for joint Belarusian-Uzbek scientific and technical projects for 2025-2026, which will cover areas such as digital information and communication and interdisciplinary technologies, energy and energy conservation, medicine and medical technologies, pharmaceuticals and pharmacology, nano- and biotechnologies, chemical technologies, new materials, digital economy, food security, agro-industrial technologies, rational nature management, water resource management technologies, mineral extraction, laser technologies, and photonics"¹².

As for education, a forum of rectors of universities of the two countries was held in 2024, and to date, "a total of about 400 agreements in the field of education have been signed between educational institutions of Belarus and Uzbekistan"¹³. Among the active participants in this partnership is **the Belarusian State Pedagogical University (BSPU) named after Maxim Tank**, which has already signed ten agreements on interaction and cooperation with Uzbek universities. These educational ties are most actively implemented with **the Nizami Tashkent State Pedagogical University and the Kadiri Jizzakh State Pedagogical University**. In particular, between Jizzakh University and BSPU,

¹² A competition for Belarusian-Uzbek scientific and technical projects for 2025-2026 has been announced [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/objiavlenn-konkurs-belorussko-uzbekskih-nauchno-tehnicheskikh-proektov-na-2025-2026-gody-682523-2024/>

¹³ Aleynyk: Belarus and Uzbekistan have established a unique model of multi-level cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/aleinik-mezhdu-belarusiju-i-uzbekistanom-vystroena-unikalnaja-model-mnogourovnevnogo-sotrudnichestva-703094-2025/>

programs are being implemented in the specialties of "psychology," "speech therapy," "social and psychological-pedagogical assistance," and "primary education." And since 2018, "a joint faculty of 'Innovative Pedagogy' has been established with Tashkent University, where programs are taught in the specialties of 'speech therapy', 'practical psychology', 'preschool education', 'primary education', 'psychology', and 'inclusive education'.¹⁴ . Graduates receive a double degree from both universities. Since 2023, the faculty has been offering master's programs in inclusive education and practical psychology. "More than 360 graduates have completed the joint faculty, and now 120 people are studying for a bachelor's degree and about 70 for a master's degree."¹⁵ . And in November 2024, the Uzbek Culture Center was opened at BSPU to expand humanitarian cooperation between the two brotherly countries.

Another interesting example of educational ties between Belarus and Uzbekistan is **Yanka Kupala State University of Grodno (GSU)**, which has "20 agreements in place for the implementation of 38 joint educational programs with higher education institutions in the Republic of Uzbekistan"¹⁶ . Among the partners are a number of universities in the Uzbek capital – **Tashkent State Law University, State Economic University , Chemical Technology Institute, State University of Transport, University of Information Technologies**, as well as such prestigious universities as **Samarkand State University and Urgench Innovation University**. In 2024, as part of the second Forum of Regions

¹⁴ Vice-Rector of BSPU on programs with Uzbek universities: we strive to increase the prestige of teaching professions [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/special/society/view/prorektor-bgpu-o-programmah-s-uzbekskimi-vuzami-stremimsia-povysit-prestizh-pedagogicheskix-professij-694367-2025/>

¹⁵ "Expanding humanitarian cooperation." Uzbek Cultural Center opened at BSPU [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/rasshirit-gumanitarnoe-sotrudnichestvo-tsentr-uzbekskoj-kultury-otkryli-v-bgpu-676702-2024/>

¹⁶ Projects, conferences, exchanges: GrSU and Namangan Pedagogical Institute outline plans for cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/proekty-konferentsii-obmeny-grgu-i-namanganskij-pedinstitut-nametili-planv-sotrudnichestva-679709-2024/>

of the two countries, GrSU also signed a cooperation agreement with **the Namangan State Pedagogical Institute**. And already in 2025, joint scientific projects, conferences, student and teacher exchanges will be organized with the aim of strengthening mutually beneficial relations and exchanging experience in the field of education and science. Grodno's agricultural and medical universities and colleges – the I. Schastny Electrical Engineering College and the Medical College – are also actively cooperating with Uzbek partners. In general, **the Grodno region** interacts with four regions of Uzbekistan: **Samarkand, Andijan, Surkhandarya, and the Republic of Karakalpakstan**.

Here is another example. In 2025, **the P.O. Sukhoi Gomel State Technical University** signed a cooperation agreement with **the Fergana Polytechnic University**. This document "includes agreements on the exchange of students and teachers, the holding of joint seminars, training programs, the implementation of bilateral projects, and the transfer of experience within the framework of international programs"¹⁷. Thus, in the field of education, Belarus and Uzbekistan are gradually expanding the scope of cooperation, including through the regions.

Incidentally, to date, 17 bilateral agreements have already been signed between the regions of Belarus and 14 regions of Uzbekistan. Plus, there is an agreement between the capitals – **Minsk** and **Tashkent**, which became sister cities in 2024. And in 2025, they have already outlined a number of specific areas of cooperation, including "waste processing and disposal, including the processing of construction waste, the possibility of creating a unified city dispatch service in Tashkent (similar to the "115

¹⁷ Joint projects in manufacturing and education. Gomel and Fergana regions strengthen partnership [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/sovместnye-proekty-v-proizvodstve-obrazovanii-gomelskaja-i-ferganskaja-oblasti-ukreplajut-partnerstvo-688538-2025/>

service" in Minsk)¹⁸. Other areas include the replacement and installation of elevator equipment, the recycling of car tires, the creation of a furniture cluster, the improvement of the traffic management system, the production of specialized municipal equipment, the provision of baby food to the residents of Tashkent, and a number of other investment projects.

The Minsk region, which cooperates with the **Bukhara** and **Tashkent** regions, also has great opportunities for interregional cooperation. Last year, the main exports of the Belarusian capital region to the Uzbek market were timber, ready-made or canned meat products, offal, flour, cereals, potato flakes and granules, meat and edible offal from poultry¹⁹. So in 2025, contacts between the regions of the two countries will only develop. Moreover, there are still many areas where Belarusian and Uzbek partners could move more intensively.

Let's sum up. When the 10th meeting of the Belarusian-Uzbek Intergovernmental Commission (IGC) on bilateral cooperation was held in Samarkand in December 2023, the parties, discussing the state and prospects of trade and economic cooperation, paid "special attention to the spheres of industry, agriculture, and healthcare in order to fill the economic component of the partnership between Belarus and Uzbekistan with new practical content and ensure the timely implementation of investment projects and trade contracts"²⁰. The very fact that the 11th meeting of the JPC was held shows that the parties are genuinely committed to developing a multifaceted and constructive dialogue that

¹⁸ Elevator equipment and waste disposal. Minsk and Tashkent define vectors of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/liftovoe-oborudovanie-i-utilizatsija-othodov-minsk-i-tashkent-opredelajut-vektory-vzaimodejstvia-702536-2025/>

¹⁹ Turchin – Ambassador of Uzbekistan: there are many areas where we could move more intensively [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/turchin-poslu-uzbekistana-est-mnogo-napravlenij-gde-my-mogli-by-dvigatsja-bolee-intensivno-622866-2024/>

²⁰ Zaleski, B. Address of partnership – Uzbekistan. Chronicle of cooperative interaction / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2024. – P. 47.

will help strengthen trade, economic, scientific, technical, and educational ties, which will form the basis for the further development of the entire spectrum of Belarusian-Uzbek relations.

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

Steps towards multifaceted cooperation

In 2025, **Belarus** and **Vietnam** will take new steps to develop multifaceted relations in trade, economic, scientific, technical, and humanitarian cooperation. It has already been announced that the General Secretary of the Communist Party of Vietnam, T. Lam, will visit Belarus this year. At the same time, it is emphasized that "there are many interesting ideas from Vietnam, which are planned to be finalized during this visit"²¹. It should be recalled that a high-level visit from the Belarusian side took place in December 2023, when an official government delegation visited Hanoi. At that time, numerous meetings with Vietnamese partners highlighted positive trends in trade and economic cooperation. For example, "at the end of last year [2022], trade turnover between the two countries amounted to \$ 180 million. In January-September this year, it already exceeded \$ 200 million, with both Belarusian and Vietnamese exports growing"²².

At the same time, in December 2023, Belarus presented its products at the Vietnam Expo international multi-sector exhibition in Ho Chi Minh City. As part of five country exhibitions organized at this forum together with India, China, the Republic of Korea, and Vietnam, "the Belarusian collective stand brought together 36 Belarusian enterprises and organizations from the fields of mechanical engineering, petrochemicals, electrical engineering, agriculture, food and beverage production,

²¹ Transcript of an interview with Belarusian Foreign Minister M. Ryzhenkov on Belarus 1 TV channel (March 18, 2025, Minsk) [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/cbbbcd73b50db337.html

²² MAZ trucks, dairy products, and environmental issues. What Roman Golovchenko is negotiating in Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <http://www.government.by/ru/content/10746>

scientific and technical research and development, as well as educational and marketing services"²³ .

It should be noted that this exhibition is held in Vietnam twice a year: in April in Hanoi and in December in Ho Chi Minh City. In total, more than 1,200 companies from 20 countries around the world registered as exhibitors in 2023. The 21st Vietnam Expo in Ho Chi Minh City presented a wide range of products and services, making it comprehensive and multifaceted. The main sections of the exhibition were: food industry; agriculture; mechanical engineering; electronics; metallurgy; petrochemicals; construction; scientific and technical developments; medicine and pharmaceuticals. At the Belarusian stand, in particular, enterprises of the petrochemical industry, including OJSC Belshina, demonstrated their capabilities, products, and potential. Visitors and participants were presented with samples of tires for passenger cars, trucks, and agricultural machinery, polyamide-6 and materials based on it, cord fabrics, acrylic fiber, high-pressure polyethylene, motor oils, and nitrogen-phosphorus-potassium fertilizers. The stand of the Beltopgaz association, with the participation of the Vitebsktorf peat factories of the Vitebskoblgaz enterprise, OJSC Torfopredpriyatiye Glinka, and OJSC Turzhovka, featured a wide range of samples of professional peat substrates produced in Belarus. Following negotiations, representatives of the Beltopgaz association signed a memorandum of cooperation with the Vietnam Coconut Association on the production of biofertilizers during the exhibition. The Vietnamese partner "will coordinate research on bio-organic fertilizers based on Belarusian peat for coconut palms in order to increase the yield and quality of coconuts throughout Vietnam, as well as support the development of the market for the consumption of such bio-

²³ Belarus presented its products at the largest exhibition in Southeast Asia [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-predstavila-svoju-produktsiju-na-krupnejšej-vystavke-v-jugo-vostochnoj-azii-603968-2023/>

fertilizers"²⁴ . In addition, the Vietnam Coconut Producers Association will coordinate its activities with the Beltopgaz State Unitary Enterprise in organizing seminars on the introduction of Belarusian peat-based bio-organic fertilizers for coconuts in Vietnam in order to find a consumer market. The Belarusian side will select the optimal recipe for peat substrate for coconut cultivation. The parties also reached agreements on experimental deliveries of Belarusian peat substrates to Vietnam for the cultivation of 500 trees, with scientific research on growth rate and fruit quality control, and on the reciprocal delivery of coconut tree planting material to Belarus for the selection of the optimal substrate formula.

The Ministry of Education of the Republic of Belarus presented about 30 innovative developments at this forum, including new products from the Belarusian National Technical University, the Belarusian State University of Informatics and Radioelectronics, and the Belarusian State University (BSU). In particular, BSU showed more than 20 exhibits in Ho Chi Minh City, which were awarded diplomas at the VIETNAM EXPO International Exhibition. Among them were food supplements, pharmaceuticals, and technological equipment. For example, " presented an innovative series of biological products: "Cipropig," "Biferon-MRS," and "Zircol." They are intended for the treatment and prevention of diseases in farm animals"²⁵ . Also among the exhibits were heat-resistant thermal insulation composite materials based on phosphate and silicate binders, light-absorbing composite materials, technologies for applying gradient anti-corrosion heat-resistant coatings, metal corrosion inhibitors, and food complexes for normalizing the nervous system. As a result, 15

²⁴ Beltopgaz to cooperate with the Vietnam Coconut Association in fertilizer production [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/beltopgaz-budet-sotrudnicat-s-vietnamskoj-kokosovoj-assotsiatsiej-v-proizvodstve-udobrenij-605045-2023>

²⁵ BSU and UNITECHPROM BSU awarded diplomas at the Vietnam Expo international exhibition [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://bsu.by/news/diplomov-mezhdunarodnov-vystavki-vietnam-expo-udostoeny-bgu-i-unitekhprom-bgu-d/>

documents, three framework agreements on partnership relations, and 12 contracts totaling \$26 million were signed at the exhibition²⁶.

In addition to Belarus' national exhibition at the VIETNAM EXPO international exhibition in Ho Chi Minh City, a Belarusian-Vietnamese business forum was held at the Saigon Convention and Exhibition Center, in which "more than 30 Belarusian enterprises and organizations took part, including Belarusian machine-building giants, major Belarusian educational institutions and research centers, as well as food and dairy producers"²⁷ and where participants discussed prospects for cooperation with Vietnamese partners. The fact is that today Belarus is striving to reach a new level of cooperation with Vietnam, which would be characterized by strong production and technological ties. In particular, we are talking about the creation of "joint ventures for the production of high-tech and competitive products to meet domestic demand and subsequent entry into third-country markets"²⁸.

In this context, several specific facts can be noted. Since 2019, the province of Hung Yen has been producing special equipment based on machines from the Minsk Automobile Plant. "Belarusian-made machine kits are used to assemble equipment and modernize previously delivered vehicles. The enterprise can produce about 500 Vietnamese-made all-wheel-drive vehicles per year"²⁹. And this MAZ Asia assembly plant

²⁶ Anufrieva, O. Belarusian companies at the Vietnam Expo 2023 exhibition signed contracts worth \$26 million / O. Anufrieva // [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.sb.by/articles/beloruskie-kompanii-na-vystavke-vietnam-ekspo-2023-zaklyuchili-kontrakt-na-26-milionov-dollarov.html>

²⁷ Belarus and Vietnam discussed the development of production ties at a joint business forum [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-vietnam-na-sovmestnom-biznes-forume-obsudili-razvitie-proizvodstvennyh-svyezey-603969-2023/>

²⁸ MFA: Belarus seeks to reach a new level of cooperation with Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/mid-belarus-stremitsja-vviti-na-novvi-uroven-kooperatsii-s-vietnamom-603996-2023/>

²⁹ Focus on developing industrial cooperation. What Golovchenko discussed with the Prime Minister of Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/stavka-na-razvitie-promkooperatsii-o-chem-golovchenko-govoril-s-premierom-vietnama-604054-2023/>

opens up good prospects for working in the markets of other countries in the region – Indonesia, Malaysia, Cambodia, and Laos. In the same Vietnamese province, a project is already being considered to build a dairy production plant using Belarusian technology and Belarusian dry milk, where yogurt, ice cream, butter, and cheese will be produced.

In addition, the Belarusian side has proposed cooperation with its Vietnamese partners in the field of ecology, as the number of cars and motorcycles in this Southeast Asian country is growing rapidly and there is a great need for the recycling of used tires. To turn these tires into new products, high-tech and efficient complexes for the use of solid household waste can be supplied from Belarus, with secondary resources being obtained from them for the production of new products. As a result, "Vietnam can take confident steps towards building a so-called circular economy based on the maximum use of all types of secondary resources"³⁰

Another topic of cooperation between Belarus and Vietnam was discussed during the Belarusian delegation's visit to Hanoi: medicine. The parties agreed on "the accelerated registration of 25 new Belarusian medicines on the Vietnamese market, as well as the re-registration of 12 more medicines"³¹. These drugs are used to treat cancer, colds, and pneumonia. A wide range of Belarusian medicines will boost exports and, accordingly, increase efficiency. There is also an agreement on the localization of these drugs from Belarus in Vietnam and on the purchase of Belarusian-made medical equipment.

³⁰ Golovchenko: Belarus contributes to strengthening Vietnam's food security [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/golovchenko-belarus-vnosit-vklad-v-ukreplenie-prodovolstvennoi-bezopasnosti-vietnama-604073-2023/>

³¹ 25 new Belarusian medical products will undergo accelerated registration on the Vietnamese market [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/na-rvke-vietnama-projduť-uskorennuju-registratsiju-25-novyh-belorusskih-medpreparatov-604105-2023/>

When talking about the organization of joint ventures, one cannot ignore the topic of interregional cooperation between Belarus and Vietnam. Today, Belarusian regions cooperate with 14 Vietnamese provinces and cities. During the visit of our republic's government delegation to this Southeast Asian country in December 2023, a program for the development of trade, economic, and humanitarian cooperation between the cities of Minsk and Hanoi for 2024-2026, which develops the provisions of the 2004 Agreement on Friendly Relations and Cooperation between the two capitals – "a basic document that allows for the development of key areas of cooperation, including in the trade, economic, cultural, and educational spheres"³².

There are also interesting prospects for cooperation between Minsk and Ho Chi Minh City. These two sister cities signed an Agreement on Friendly Relations and Cooperation in 2008, and in September 2024, as part of Minsk Days in Ho Chi Minh City, they held a Belarusian-Vietnamese business forum, which brought together more than 150 companies specializing in the production, export, import, and distribution of imported products in Vietnam. "The forum was attended by the management of 13 Belarusian companies representing the machine-building, aviation, food, pharmaceutical, and cosmetics sectors, as well as the tourism services sector"³³. Such heightened interest on the part of Vietnamese businesses testified to the serious potential for expanding trade and cooperation ties between the countries. Following the Minsk Days in Ho Chi Minh City, the parties signed a Program for the

³² Minsk and Hanoi sign cooperation program for 2024-2026 [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/minsk-i-hanoi-podpisali-programmu-sotrudnichestva-na-2024-2026-gody-603833-2023/>

³³ Over 150 local companies attended the Belarusian-Vietnamese business forum in Ho Chi Minh City [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belarus.by/ru/business/business-news/belorusko-vjetnamskij-biznes-forum-v-xoshimine-posetili-svyshe-150-mestnyx-kompanij-i-177578.html>

Development of Trade, Economic, and Humanitarian Cooperation for 2024-2026.

The main partner of the Minsk region in Vietnam is the province of Hung Yen, which specializes in growing rice, saffron, and tropical fruits. are actively developing their own infrastructure here. In a province with a population of over one million, there is high demand for meat and dairy products, baby food, pharmaceuticals, chemicals, and machinery. "In 2022, exports from Minsk region enterprises to Vietnam amounted to more than \$2.2 million, which is 10.7% more than in 2021, and in the first quarter [of 2023] – \$214,400. Dry dairy products accounted for the bulk of the supplies,"³⁴ . To increase export volumes, the milk processing enterprises of the Myasomolprom holding – the Slutsk Cheese Factory and Minsk Dairy Plant No. 1 – regularly participate in the Vietnam Expo international exhibition, and Minsk Dairy Plant No. 1 also cooperates with Au Viet Food Import to supply its own products. Back in August 2017, representatives of these regions noted the significant potential for cooperation, primarily in industry and agriculture, and took a number of concrete steps to realize it. Thus, "since 2017, Belarusian-Vietnamese projects have been implemented in the province for the industrial assembly of MAZ trucks and the production of dairy products using Belarusian raw materials"³⁵ . In particular, it was assumed that the opening of a joint venture for the production of dairy products from Belarusian dry milk and the release of products in Vietnam under the Belarusian brand would allow to find new sales niches not only in the market of this country. And in December 2023, the Belarusian side informed its Vietnamese

³⁴ Minsk Region is interested in developing cooperation with the Vietnamese province of Hung Yen [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/minskaia-oblast-zainteresovana-v-razvitii-sotrudnichestva-s-vietnamskoi-provintsiei-hyngien-564954-2023/>

³⁵ Minsk Region and Hung Yen Province intend to develop cooperation in industry and agriculture [Electronic resource]. – 2017. – URL: <http://www.belta.by/regions/view/minskaia-oblast-i-provintsija-hyngien-namereny-razvivat-sotrudnichestvo-v-promyshlennosti-i-apk-260807-2017/>

partners of the decision to build a plant in Hung Yen province to produce dairy products from Belarusian raw materials and using Belarusian technologies.

Exporters from the Brest region are also actively developing the Vietnamese market. For example, "foreign trade turnover between the Brest region and Vietnam in January-October 2023 amounted to \$20.6 million. The growth rate compared to the same period in 2022 was 176.6%. Enterprises in the southwestern region increased exports to this Asian country almost fourfold"³⁶. The agreement on cooperation between Brest and Lao Cai Province, signed in July 2017, which provides for the development of partnership ties in the trade, economic, scientific, technical, and cultural spheres, undoubtedly gives additional impetus to the development of Belarusian-Vietnamese interregional cooperation. And in December 2024, Dien Bien Province announced its intention to establish cooperation with this Belarusian region, where it "sees prospects for cooperation in the fields of economy, agriculture, healthcare, and tourism"³⁷. Vietnamese partners are ready to import Belarusian fertilizers and agricultural products, and to import coffee and macadamia nuts to Belarus.

Another noteworthy event for Belarusian-Vietnamese interregional cooperation took place in March 2022, when the Consulate General of Belarus opened in Ho Chi Minh City to promote bilateral trade and economic cooperation with the regions of southern Vietnam. This was dictated by the "colossal pace of development of the city [Ho Chi Minh

³⁶ A delegation from the Brest region plans to visit the Vietnamese province of Lao Cai in 2024 [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/delegatsija-brestskoi-oblasti-v-2024-godu-planiruet-posetit-vjetnamskiju-provintsiju-laokai-606206-2023/>

³⁷ Brest Region and Vietnam's Dien Bien Province aim to cooperate in the economic and social spheres [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/brestskaja-oblast-i-vietnamskaja-provintsija-djenbien-natselenv-sotrudnicat-v-ekonomike-i-sotsialnoj-679595-2024/>

City] and neighboring provinces. It is here that we see high potential for the implementation of joint projects."³⁸ . For this reason, it is important to create footholds for building cooperation in the field of trade. After all, Belarus can make a significant contribution to this process by supplying construction, freight, municipal, and passenger equipment, as well as participating in infrastructure projects. The Vietnamese side is interested in the participation of Belarusian enterprises in the implementation of the government's program to transition to zero carbon dioxide emissions by 2050. Of particular interest are the supply of Belarusian electric transport, as well as significant potential in the medical field.

For reference, we note that "Vietnam has four key economic regions: northern, central, southern, and the Mekong Delta. The latter two are located in the region where the Consulate General is located"³⁹ . The southern economic region includes the centrally administered city of Ho Chi Minh City, the provinces of Ba Ria-Vung Tau, Binh Duong, Binh Phuoc, Dong Nai, Long An, Tien Giang, and Tay Ninh, while the Mekong Delta economic region includes the centrally administered city of Can Tho, An Giang, Ca Mau, and Kien Giang provinces. Both regions play a leading role in the development of Vietnam's economy.

And in August 2024, the Belarusian Consulate General began work on establishing direct cooperation between the business circles of Belarus and Long An Province, which is the leading region in the Mekong Delta and "acts as the southwestern gateway to the Ho Chi Minh City agglomeration. The province has a population of about 1.8 million, and about 215,000 people live in the administrative center, the city of Tan

³⁸ Consulate General of Belarus opens in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/generalnoe-konsulstvo-belarusi-otkrylos-v-vjetnamskom-hoshimine-603983-2023/>

³⁹ Varankov, R. Anchor projects, economic complementarity, and seaside resorts. Consul General of Belarus on relations with Ho Chi Minh City / R. Varankov // [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/interview/view/jakornve-proekty-vzaimodopolnjaemost-ekonomik-i-morskie-kurorty-genkonsul-belarusi-o-svjazjah-s-hoshiminom-9349/>

An.⁴⁰ . More than half of the province's economy is generated by the industrial and construction sectors, with the rest coming from services, agriculture, forestry, and fisheries. The province sees trade, economic, investment, and humanitarian cooperation as key areas for cooperation with Belarusian regions.

And in October last year, the Vietnamese province of Binh Thuan, located in the south-east of Vietnam, expressed interest in Belarus' experience in organising a modern and effective healthcare system and is ready to supply tropical vegetables and fruits to the Belarusian market. The province covers an area of about 8,000 square kilometers and has a population of about 1.3 million people. A significant share of the province's economy is made up of the processing industry, as well as the production and distribution of electricity"⁴¹ . There are large reserves of minerals, including quartz sand, granite, titanium, zircon, oil, and gas. Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries are also widely developed. There are nine industrial parks in the province. So, Vietnamese partners are ready to cooperate with Belarusian business circles in production and technological cooperation.

All these facts indicate that "Belarus and Vietnam are experiencing a significant upswing, systematically and purposefully creating all the necessary conditions for even closer and more active cooperation in all areas"⁴² . And the visit to Belarus of the General Secretary of the Communist Party of Vietnam, T. Lama, which is expected to take place

⁴⁰ Direct interaction will be established between the business circles of Belarus and the Vietnamese province of Long An [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/prjamoe-vzaimodejstvie-budet-nalazheno-mezhdu-delovymi-krugami-belarusi-i-vjetnamskoj-provintsii-longan-655987-2024/>

⁴¹ Vietnam's Binh Thuan Province counts on Belarus' assistance in modernizing its industry [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/vietnamskaia-provintsija-binhthuan-rasschityvaet-na-sodejstvie-belarusi-v-modernizatsii-promyshlennosti-671258-2024/>

⁴² Zaleski, B. Time for Breakthroughs: The Dynamics of Belarus' Reliable Cooperation with Economic Partners / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2025. – P. 32.

this year, will undoubtedly add new color to the multifaceted partnership between Belarus and Vietnam, helping to realize the enormous potential for cooperation in the economy, agriculture, medicine, tourism, and culture at all levels, thereby contributing to the strengthening and development of friendship between the two peoples.

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

The goal is sustainable development

The African vector of Belarus' foreign policy today demonstrates sustainable development dynamics. At the same time, the Belarusian side in this interaction emphasizes pragmatic and mutually beneficial cooperation, offering partners specific solutions in areas such as agriculture, education, healthcare, and mechanical engineering. As for exports from Belarus to Africa, they have continued to grow steadily since the beginning of 2025. The results of two months show that all contracts for the same engineering products are being fulfilled and even exceeding expectations. "Compared to the previous period, export growth is somewhere between 3 and 3.5 times..."⁴³. These deliveries have almost completely replaced all lost export volumes to the European Union. All these facts show that the successful implementation of joint economic projects and cooperation on the principles of sovereign equality are attracting many African countries to Belarus. Among them are **Algeria, Libya, Guinea-Bissau, and Uganda**, which have intensified their relations with Belarus in 2025.

Let's start with **Algeria**. In April 2025, Minsk hosted the first meeting of the Belarusian-Algerian Intergovernmental Joint Commission (IGC) on Trade, Economic, Scientific, and Technical Cooperation, which identified priority areas of mutual interest. It should be recalled that diplomatic relations between the two countries were established back in October 1995. Over these three decades, the legal framework between Belarus and Algeria has developed in a rather fragmented manner. To date, only the "Agreement on the Establishment of a Joint Commission on Trade, Economic, Scientific, and Technical Cooperation, on the Abolition of Visas for Holders of Diplomatic and Service Passports between Belarus

⁴³ Cartoon: Belarusian exports to African countries tripled at the beginning of the year [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/kartun-belorusskij-eksport-v-strany-afriki-v-nachale-goda-vvros-v-tri-raza-703341-2025/>

and Algeria, the Protocol on Cooperation between the Ministries of Foreign Affairs of Belarus and Algeria, and a Memorandum of Cooperation between the Belarusian Chamber of Commerce and Industry and the Algerian Chamber of Commerce and Industry⁴⁴ .

This country, located in North Africa, is the fourth largest producer of crude oil on the continent and the sixth largest producer of natural gas in the world. It has a well-developed mineral industry, producing oil, gas, phosphates, iron, lead, zinc, copper, marble, and mercury. The main items of Algerian imports are cars, equipment, metals, chemical and mineral products, food, consumer goods, electronics, textiles, wood, paper, plastics, and rubber. In this regard, "there are prospects for promoting Belarusian dairy and meat products, fertilizers, agricultural and other equipment, woodworking products, and metal products on the Algerian market"⁴⁵ .

In April 2024, the head of the Belarusian Foreign Ministry, S. Aleinik, visited Algeria. During the high-level talks, the "constructive nature of Belarusian-Algerian relations and the coincidence of the two countries' positions on most pressing international issues, including the recognition of the diversity of development paths of independent states" was noted⁴⁶ . At the same time, agreements were reached on expanding the legal framework for bilateral cooperation with a transition from framework to sectoral agreements. A number of topics of bilateral cooperation and projects of industrial and technical cooperation in the agro-industrial, food, machine-building, and municipal sectors were also

⁴⁴ Cooperation in the political sphere [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: https://egypt.mfa.gov.by/ru/blr_algeria/political/

⁴⁵ Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://export.by/articles/alzhir>

⁴⁶ On the meeting between Belarusian Foreign Minister S. Aleinik and the President of Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/e049817def98777b.html

discussed, as well as issues of interaction in the fields of education, science, technology, healthcare, pharmaceuticals, and tourism.

At the first meeting of the JPC, it was noted that trade turnover between the two countries in 2024 amounted to about \$50 million, an increase of 16(!) times compared to 2023. Last year, Belarus supplied Algeria with skimmed milk powder, whey, soybean oil, and potato flakes. It should be noted that this North African country is the world's second largest importer of dairy products, purchasing tens of billions of dollars worth of these products annually. "The consumption of various types of dairy products is traditional here and constitutes a significant part of the daily diet of the population. Households spend up to a quarter of their budget on the purchase of dairy products"⁴⁷. Belarusian meat and meat products, sugar, and confectionery also have great potential in trade with Algeria. In addition, in 2025, Belarus already received certificates for the supply of beef to this country, which will become an additional export direction in bilateral trade. This indicates that "the trade and economic relations between Belarus and Algeria are quite promising and can develop in various new directions"⁴⁸.

For example, our country is ready to organize the assembly production of agricultural machinery on Algerian soil. The fact is that the assembly production of BELARUS tractors in Algeria was established back in 2011. By 2015, more than 500 tractor kits had been delivered to this country. Then the work was suspended. And now the Minsk Tractor Works is extremely interested in organizing assembly again, in particular of small-sized BELARUS-152 machines. "Such equipment is needed for

⁴⁷ Zaleski, B. In Turbulent Times. The Potential for Inter-State Cooperation in the Age of Globalization / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2019. – P. 104.

⁴⁸ Yuri Shuleiko: Belarus is extremely interested in strengthening trade and economic relations with Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://www.government.by/news/yuriv-shulevko-belarus-krayne-zainteresovana-v-ukreplenii-torgovo-ekonomicheskikh-otnosheniy-s>

farmers and private plots. The assembly of 800 series tractors and above is also being considered. This may include energy-intensive equipment"⁴⁹ [6]. In addition, assembly production in Algeria is planned with a view to supplying BELARUS equipment to third countries.

Algerian partners are also interested in the supply of equipment from AMKODOR OJSC. Silos as part of comprehensive solutions for grain storage and processing attracted particular interest. Possible formats for cooperation on equipment supplies were discussed.⁵⁰ . At the Belarusian Automobile Plant, specialists from this African country expressed their readiness to jointly produce front loaders. In addition, at the first meeting of the JPC, the issue of "organizing assembly production of the Minsk Automobile Plant in Algeria" was discussed⁵¹ . The parties also considered issues of possible cooperation between the two countries in the field of pharmaceuticals, and "agreed to study pharmaceutical products manufactured in the Republic of Belarus and Algeria in order to identify promising areas of cooperation"⁵² .

Judging by all appearances, the active participation of Belarusian exporters in Algerian international exhibition forums is gradually emerging as a promising area of bilateral trade and economic cooperation. In particular, in April last year in Algeria, as part of the Djazagro 2024 food industry exhibition, participants in the Belarus. The Taste of Nature exhibition presented a wide range of goods and services, offering products

⁴⁹ MTZ is exploring opportunities for assembling small tractors in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/mtz-prorabatvvaet-vozmozhnosti-sborki-malogabaritnyh-traktorov-v-alzhire-709669-2025/>

⁵⁰ New horizons for partnership. AMKODOR intends to supply equipment to Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/novye-gorizonty-partnerstva-amkodor-nameren-postavliat-oborudovanie-v-alzhir-709828-2025/>

⁵¹ MAZ assembly plant may be set up in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/sborochnoe-proizvodstvo-maz-mogut-sozdat-v-alzhire-709604-2025/>

⁵² First meeting of the Belarusian-Algerian Intergovernmental Joint Commission [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belpharmprom.by/news/pervoe-zasedanie-belorussko-alzhirskoy-mezhpravitelstvennov-sovmestnoy-komissii/>

tailored to the specifics of the region. Among the Belarusian companies were "well-known domestic enterprises and food industry companies: OJSC Babushkina Krynka, the managing company of the Mogilev Dairy Company Babushkina Krynka holding, Volkovysk OJSC Bellakt, OJSC Lida Milk and Canning Plant, and OJSC Soligorsk Poultry Farm."⁵³ The largest spot exchange in Eastern Europe, the Belarusian Universal Commodity Exchange, also demonstrated its capabilities there .

A year later, in April of this year, the Djazagro 2025 food industry exhibition featured "about 600 exhibitors and 108 unique brands from 36 countries, including Italy, Germany, Belgium, Portugal, Russia, India, Indonesia, Malaysia, Saudi Arabia, the UAE, Japan..."⁵⁴ . There, participants in the national exhibition Belarus. The Taste of Nature presented a new wide range of products, offering goods tailored to regional specifics and demand. Among them were well-known exporters: Volkovysk OJSC "Bellakt", OJSC "Lida Milk Canning Plant", KPU "Mozyr Dairy Products", OJSC "Slutsk Cheese Factory". The Belarusian products presented included the most sought-after and popular items: a range of dry dairy products, butter, frozen cottage cheese, and assorted cheeses.

Let's return to the first meeting of the JPC. This fact shows that the parties are ready to actively develop the entire spectrum of relations: from the supply of Belarusian agricultural products to ensure Algeria's food security to the development of joint assembly production on Algerian soil with the aim of entering the broad African markets. So, specific priorities

⁵³ Belarusian enterprises presented their potential at the food industry exhibition in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/beloruskie-predpriiatija-predstavili-potentsial-na-vystavke-pischevoi-promyshlennosti-v-alzhire-629938-2024/>

⁵⁴ Belarusian producers present their best food products at the Djazagro exhibition in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/beloruskie-proizvoditeli-prezentujut-luchshie-produkty-pitanija-na-vystavke-djazagro-v-alzhire-707659-2025/>

and areas of joint activity for the near future have already been defined. Now, the next step is expected to be the implementation of the planned initiatives for Belarusian-Algerian cooperation.

Now about **Libya**. In February 2025, Field Marshal and Supreme Commander of the Libyan National Army H.B. Haftar visited Minsk and expressed interest in developing cooperation with Belarus in various areas. He was particularly interested in Belarusian equipment and technologies in the agro-industrial complex in order to "learn from Belarusian experience in the agricultural sector. Your tractors and other agricultural equipment can all be used for agricultural development in Libya. This will enable us to obtain a large harvest of grain crops. We will even be able to export to third countries"⁵⁵.

A month later, a Belarusian government delegation traveled to Libya to identify the main tasks that need to be implemented urgently in the areas of agriculture, food security, industry, healthcare, and pharmaceuticals. In addition to assisting with the introduction of modern technologies for the extraction of natural resources, Belarus will also supply modern equipment for the mining industry. "In the field of healthcare and pharmaceuticals, medicines, equipment, and consumables will be supplied. There are also plans to exchange experience in the field of medicine and to treat Libyan patients in Belarus,"⁵⁶. As part of industrial cooperation, issues related to the supply of Belarusian equipment—trucks, fire engines, garbage trucks, and buses—were

⁵⁵ Haftar: Libya is interested in Belarusian equipment and technologies in the agro-industrial complex [Electronic resource]. — 2025. — URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/komandujuschij-libijskoi-natsionalnoj-armiej-libija-zainteresovana-v-belorusskoi-tehnike-i-696755-2025/>

⁵⁶ Belarus will help Libya with the introduction of modern technologies for the extraction of natural resources [Electronic resource]. — 2025. — URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-pomozhet-libii-s-vnedreniem-sovremennyh-tehnologij-dlja-dobychi-prirodnih-resursov-701761-2025/>

discussed. A number of assembly plants and service centers are planned to be established in Benghazi.

Two months later, in May, a Belarusian government delegation visited Libya again to "intensify work on key areas that will ensure the unconditional implementation of agreements ... in the fields of industry, agriculture, and healthcare"⁵⁷. In particular, the discussion focused on the agro-industrial complex. The Belarusian side intends to grow wheat in Libya in order to "obtain products that will subsequently be processed into compound feed, but mainly for the flour milling industry and flour production"⁵⁸. Moreover, there are enterprises in Belarus that are ready to organize the construction of a feed mill with a flour production workshop. And in Benghazi, the House of Belarus has opened, which will become a place of attraction for economic entities and business circles, where "it will be possible to hold meetings, discuss specific contracts, and conclude them"⁵⁹, where the parties will move directly from words to action. As we can see, in just four months, Belarus and Libya have embarked on ambitious plans for cooperation in key areas. And that is impressive.

As for **Guinea-Bissau**, the first visit of the president of this West African country, U.S. Embalo, to Belarus took place quite recently, in May 2025, during which areas were identified where Minsk and Bissau could work together on a mutually beneficial basis. Firstly, in the field of industry. In this regard, a Memorandum of Cooperation was signed between the Ministry of Industry of Belarus and the Ministry of Trade and

⁵⁷ From product deliveries to joint projects. Belarus and Libya to discuss areas of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/ot-postavok-produktsii-do-sovmestnyh-proektov-belarus-i-livija-obsudiat-napravlenija-sotrudnichestva-716915-2025/>

⁵⁸ The Ministry of Agriculture and Food explained what joint projects in the agricultural sector Belarus and Libya could implement [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/kakie-sovmestnye-proekty-v-agrosfere-mogut-realizovat-belarus-i-livija-pojasnili-v-minselhozprode-717025-2025/>

⁵⁹ A magnet for business circles. Belarus House opens in Libya [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/mesto-pritjazhenija-biznes-krugov-dom-belarusi-otkrvlsia-v-livii-716988-2025/>

Industry of Guinea-Bissau with the aim of developing cooperation between the two countries in the field of industrial cooperation. In particular, "the parties intend to promote the exchange of technologies and the supply of industrial goods between the countries, as well as to support joint investments in industrial projects. It is also planned to strengthen cooperation in the field of scientific research and the development of new industries"⁶⁰. This document opens up a new export market for enterprises in the industry. For example, Minsk Tractor Works OJSC is already considering the possibility of supplying small-sized equipment from the Smorgon Aggregate Plant and the Bobruisk Tractor Parts and Aggregates Plant "to increase labor productivity in the agricultural sector and crop yields"⁶¹ in this West African country.

Secondly, during the first visit of the President of Guinea-Bissau to Minsk, the Ministry of Agriculture and Food of Belarus also signed a memorandum of cooperation with its African partners. The fact is that "the economy of Guinea-Bissau is based on agriculture and fishing, and the country is one of the five largest producers of cashew nuts. In 2024, trade between Belarus and Guinea-Bissau consisted of exports of malt"⁶². The signing of the memorandum opens up new horizons for expanding cooperation in the agricultural sector between the two countries. Belarus is ready to establish supplies of a wide range of agricultural products. In addition, the Ministry of Agriculture and Food offers the West African republic cooperation in the field of agricultural education.

⁶⁰ Yefimov: Memorandum with Guinea-Bissau opens up a new export market for Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/efimov-memorandum-s-gvineji-bisau-otkrvvaet-dlja-belarusi-novyi-eksportnyi-rynok-713426-2025/>

⁶¹ MTZ considers the possibility of supplying small-sized equipment to Guinea-Bissau [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/mtz-rassmatrivaet-vozmozhnost-postavki-malogabaritnoj-tehniki-v-gvineju-bisau-713943-2025/>

⁶² Agricultural education, product supplies. What was agreed upon in the agricultural sector between Belarus and Guinea-Bissau [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/agrarnoe-obrazovanie-postavki-produktsii-o-chem-dogovorilis-v-apk-belarus-i-gvineja-bisau-713415-2025/>

It remains only to add that, in addition to the memoranda already mentioned, other documents aimed at strengthening bilateral cooperation were also signed in Minsk. These include an "intergovernmental agreement on the abolition of visas for holders of diplomatic, official, and service passports"⁶³, as well as a memorandum of cooperation between the ministries of justice. Overall, the visit of the President of Guinea-Bissau to Belarus showed that the diplomatic relations between the two countries, established more than twenty years ago, are developing and moving to a qualitatively new level – from episodic contacts to the formation of an institutional basis for partnership.

Finally, **Uganda** is one of the least developed countries in East Africa, which has set itself the ambitious goal of achieving an average level of economic development in the near future. According to , at the beginning of 2021, the country's population exceeded 44 million people. The main sector of the economy is agriculture, which employs 82 percent of the workforce, and natural resources include "copper, cobalt, niobium, gold, tungsten, hydropower, and fertile land"⁶⁴. Back in 2013, the country adopted the Vision 2040 national development program, which sets out a course for modernization and the introduction of new technologies. And now, the country is making concrete efforts to improve its socio-economic situation. One of the factors driving Uganda's economic growth is foreign economic activity, primarily trade. "The country has managed not only to increase but also to diversify its exports, intensify regional economic cooperation, and enter new regional markets."⁶⁵. In addition, the roadmap

⁶³ Visa waiver, agribusiness, industry. Belarus and Guinea-Bissau sign memoranda on strengthening cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/otmena-viz-apk-promyshlennost-belarus-i-gvineja-bisau-podpisali-memorandumy-po-ukrepleniju-713383-2025/>

⁶⁴ Brief description of Uganda's economy [Electronic resource]. – 2021. – URL: https://kenya.mfa.gov.bv/ru/export_uganda/

⁶⁵ Byasharova, A.R. Uganda: socio-economic development, trade, international regional cooperation / A.R. Byasharova, L.V. Achalova // International Trade and Trade Policy. – 2021. – Volume 7. – No. 3(27). – P. 40.

for this program identifies eight key projects that determine the main directions of science and technology development. These include:

1) the creation of "smart cities" based on the development of high technologies and related infrastructure;

2) developing large irrigation systems in different parts of the country;

3) modernization of the phosphate industry in the city of Tororo and the iron ore industry in the cities of Mukwa and Kabale;

4) creating modern urban and industrial infrastructure in five regional cities—Gulu, Mbalale, Kampala, Mbarara, and Arua—as well as in five strategic cities—Hoima, Nakasongola, Fort Portal, Moroto, and Jinja;

5) development of projects involving the introduction of modern transport and logistics management technologies to create four international airports, a standard gauge railway network with high-speed trains, an oil refinery and associated pipeline infrastructure, and a multi-level asphalt national road network connecting major cities and other strategic locations;

6) the establishment of globally competitive skills development centers to improve the quality of human resources;

7) Construction of nuclear and hydroelectric power plants in Ayago, Isimbe, Karume, and Murchison Bay;

8) creation of science and technology parks in every provincial city.

For Belarus, this country is a potential and promising partner in East Africa. Official diplomatic relations between Minsk and Kampala were established in 1998. In February 2025, a Belarusian delegation led by Prime Minister R. Golovchenko visited Uganda to discuss a wide range of bilateral cooperation issues with a focus on promising opportunities in agriculture, pharmaceuticals, information technology, and education, and

to achieve the desired results. Several important documents were signed in Kampala, primarily to promote the existing great potential for the development of bilateral economic cooperation.

First, the governments of Belarus and Uganda agreed to coordinate trade and economic partnerships and signed an agreement to "establish a strong, effective intergovernmental committee to discuss and support projects in the economic sphere"⁶⁶. Second, an intergovernmental memorandum of cooperation in the field of food security was signed. The fact is that cooperation between the two countries in the field of agriculture could lead to a significant increase in food production and exports. After all, "Uganda has excellent conditions for agriculture – a suitable climate and fertile soils."⁶⁷. At the same time, this country faces problems typical for African countries. The population is growing rapidly and needs to be fed, treated, and educated. "The country's land resources are underutilized, and there is a need for intensive mechanization of agriculture, industrialization of the economy, extraction and purification of water resources, and waste processing"⁶⁸. For this reason, for example, during the visit of the Belarusian delegation to the Ugandan capital, the parties discussed the possibility of organizing the production of Belarusian tractors there. "One of the topics was cooperation in agriculture. They also talked about dairy products"⁶⁹.

⁶⁶ Golovchenko to pay official visits to Uganda and Qatar [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/golovchenko-posetit-s-ofitsialnyimi-vizitami-ugandu-i-katar-697115-2025/>

⁶⁷ Golovchenko: It is important for Belarus and Uganda to create an intergovernmental committee to support joint projects [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/golovchenko-belarusi-i-ugande-vazhno-sozdat-mezhpravkomitet-dlja-soprovozhdenija-sovmestnyh-proektov-697750-2025/>

⁶⁸ Cooperation in agriculture. What Golovchenko proposed to the President of Uganda [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/kooperatsiia-v-selskom-hozjajstve-cto-golovchenko-predlozhl-prezidentu-ugandy-697642-2025/>

⁶⁹ Belarusian tractor production may be organized in Uganda [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/proizvodstvo-belorusskih-traktorov-mogut-organizovat-v-ugande-697763-2025/>

Among other documents signed in Kampala were a number of interdepartmental memoranda, including: on political consultations – between the Ministries of Foreign Affairs of Belarus and Uganda; on military-technical cooperation – between the State Military-Industrial Committee of Belarus and the Ministry of Defense and Veterans Affairs of Uganda; on cooperation in the peaceful use of atomic energy – between the Ministry of Energy of Belarus and the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development of Uganda; on mutual understanding – between the Ministries of Education of Belarus and Uganda.

In addition, this East African country has adopted a digital development program. And "the experience of the Republic of Belarus can really be in high demand here in terms of both infrastructure development and the provision of telecommunications services, because our Belarusian communications satellite Belintersat has good coverage in Africa, particularly Uganda"⁷⁰. The experience of the Belarusian High-Tech Park will also be in demand in this country. So, the two countries have many opportunities to implement all their existing achievements and find new solutions in order to move forward with new joint projects.

Let's sum up. All these facts indicate that Africa is one of the priorities of Belarus' foreign policy. Cooperation with the countries of this continent looks promising and effective for our republic. Moreover, a new legal framework is being formed and the existing one is being improved, which will allow bilateral relations with African states to reach a qualitatively new level. Belarus' policy of trust and cooperation in Africa creates favorable conditions and prerequisites for mutually beneficial partnerships in the long term.

⁷⁰ Ministry of Communications: Belarusian experience in digital development may be in high demand in Uganda [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/minsvjazi-belorusskij-opyt-tsifrovogo-razvitiia-mozhet-byt-ochen-vostrebovan-v-ugande-697664-2025/>

Boosting trade and setting up joint ventures

Belarus and **Zimbabwe** established diplomatic relations back in April 1992. A decisive step in the development of bilateral cooperation between Minsk and Harare was taken in early 2023, when the Belarusian leader paid a state visit to this southern African country. Agreements were signed in the fields of industry, trade, agriculture, energy, transport, and mining. The governments of the two countries then approved a roadmap for the implementation of the agreements reached, which included "65 measures in various areas: political and diplomatic, trade and economic, agricultural, military and technical, health care and medical science, investment, energy, and equipment supply and maintenance. In addition, Belarus will continue to participate in the program to modernize and mechanize Zimbabwe's agriculture"⁷¹ [1, p. 55]. Over the next two years, a number of important events took place in relations between the two countries.

First, a year later, in February 2024, **the first meeting of the Joint Permanent Commission on Cooperation between Belarus and Zimbabwe** was held in Harare, at which practical steps were considered to develop cooperation between the two countries in the political, economic, social spheres, and security, as well as promising areas and cooperative projects for implementation in the medium and long term and for increasing bilateral trade. In particular, "the intention to continue the third phase of the comprehensive project to mechanize Zimbabwe's agriculture was confirmed, and agreements were reached on the supply of passenger and special equipment." ⁷²

⁷¹ Zaleski, B. The potential for implementing the agreements reached / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2023. – P. 55.

⁷² On the first meeting of the Joint Permanent Commission on Cooperation between Belarus and Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/c39b1509985063cc.html

It should be recalled that the first meeting of the commission took place against the backdrop of significant progress made by the two countries in many areas. For example, Belarusian exports increased by 103 percent in 2023. The parties are successfully implementing tasks, primarily in the field of agricultural mechanization. Two phases of this project have already been implemented, "which has enabled Zimbabwe to become self-sufficient in wheat production. At the end of 2023, Zimbabwe began exporting wheat to third countries for the first time in its history"⁷³. New promising projects in various areas have been outlined and will be implemented in the near future.

In particular, Belarus and Zimbabwe will reach a new level of cooperation in the industrial sector in 2024. This was stated in a memorandum of cooperation signed at the end of January by the two ministries – the Ministry of Industry of Belarus and the Ministry of Industry and Trade of Zimbabwe – to raise bilateral relations to a higher level and "implement measures to develop international specialization and production cooperation, identify priorities in the industrial sectors, and promote the development and implementation of joint projects and programs"⁷⁴.

Earlier, as part of a mechanization program launched in 2020, Belarus supplied more than 1,800 tractors and about 80 grain harvesters to Zimbabwean farms. "In addition to agricultural machinery, Belarusian fire trucks (more than a hundred in 2023) and BELAZ trucks (more than fifty such machines are operating in Zimbabwe's quarries) are also being

⁷³ Transcript of Foreign Minister S. Aleinik's press conference following his visit to Zimbabwe (February 23, 2024, Harare) [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://mfa.gov.by/press/smi/b0f6472abc0e46d5.html>

⁷⁴ The Ministries of Industry of Belarus and Zimbabwe signed a Memorandum of Cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://minprom.gov.by/18605-2/>

supplied to this country,"⁷⁵ . And in January 2024, more than 30 tractors purchased in Belarus were put into operation in the Zimbabwean capital, Harare, and sent to all areas of the city to help collect garbage and perform any other tasks for which they could be used. Moreover, "Zimbabwe has people trained to service these tractors, as well as workshops if the equipment needs repair"⁷⁶ . During the first meeting of the joint commission, the parties agreed to allocate the necessary resources to fully implement the third phase of the mechanization program, "which provides for the delivery of more than 3,000 MTZ tractors and 80 Gomselmash combine harvesters to Zimbabwe"⁷⁷ .

On the sidelines of the first meeting of the commission in Harare, a Zimbabwe-Belarus business forum was also held, entitled "Building a Strong Partnership: Using a Shared Vision of a Sustainable Future," which included talks on a wide range of economic and investment cooperation issues in medicine and pharmaceuticals, resulting in "the signing of a memorandum between the management company of the Belfarmprom holding and the Zimbabwean company Graniteside Chemicals (PVT) Ltd. The document provides for the development of cooperation in the registration and supply of Belarusian medicines"⁷⁸ . In addition, Belarus and Zimbabwe want to jointly enter the markets of southern African countries – Mozambique and Botswana. To this end, Minsk and Harare,

⁷⁵ Belarus begins supplying tractors and combine harvesters to Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-nachinaet-postavljat-traktornuju-tehniku-i-kombajny-v-zimbabwe-616746-2024/>

⁷⁶ 31 tractors purchased in Belarus were put into operation in the capital of Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/v-stolitse-zimbabwe-vveli-v-ekspluatatsiju-31-traktor-zakuplennyj-v-belarusi-612817-2024/>

⁷⁷ Aleynyk: Belarus is ready to organize a joint business forum with Zimbabwe in Minsk [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belarus.by/ru/business/business-news/alejnyk-belarus-gotova-organizovat-v-minske-sovmestnyj-s-zimbabwe-biznes-forum-i-167916.html>

⁷⁸ The Ministries of Health of Belarus and Zimbabwe have identified areas for cooperation in medicine [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/minzdravy-belarusi-i-zimbabwe-opredelili-puti-sotrudnichestva-v-medsine-617370-2024/>

moving along an upward trajectory, have outlined new projects. "These include the joint assembly of Belarusian buses, cooperation in the gas industry, and the supply of Belarusian dairy products and baby food to Zimbabwe" .⁷⁹

The forum also announced that in April 2024, Belarus intends to organize a national stand at the Zimbabwe International Trade Fair 2024, a multi-sector international exhibition to be held in Bulawayo, which will showcase the industrial potential of Belarusian exporters. In 2023, the Made in Belarus exhibition featured a range of products from 11 Belarusian companies. This time, products from the Minsk Tractor Plant, Gomselmash, the Minsk Automobile Plant, AMKODOR OJSC, and the enterprises Bobruiskagromash, Lidselmash, and Pozhsnab. "At the exhibition, BELAZ will also present a line of mining dump trucks and offer a range of services for further support and maintenance of its products,"⁸⁰ .

A new element of cooperation between Minsk and Harare in the trade and economic sphere in 2024 was the integration of an exchange mechanism into the mutual trade of the two countries, which will open up new opportunities for Belarusian and Zimbabwean economic entities. In February, at the Belarusian Universal Commodity Exchange (BUTB), negotiations were held with representatives of this African country, during which the parties emphasized that cooperation between Belarusian and Zimbabwean companies through the BUTB platform will not only ensure the growth of mutual trade, but also simplify access for Belarusian producers to third-country markets. Agricultural and metallurgical

⁷⁹ Belarus and Zimbabwe want to jointly enter the markets of southern African countries [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/belarus-i-zimbabve-hotjat-vmeste-vyhodit-na-rynki-juzhnyh-stran-afriki-617255-2024/>

⁸⁰ Belarus to present large-scale exhibition at multi-sector trade fair in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-predstavit-masshtabnuju-ekspozitsiju-na-mnogootraslevoj-vystavke-v-zimbabve-616800-2024/>

products have been identified as promising commodity areas. For example, "the possibility of using exchange trading for the export of Belarusian dairy products, rapeseed oil, and sugar to Zimbabwe is being considered. As for import deals, Zimbabwean suppliers of non-ferrous metals, cotton, and fruit and vegetable products will be involved in the BSTB for this purpose."⁸¹ .

Another example in the context of cooperation between Belarus and Zimbabwe. An interesting continuation of cooperation between the two countries in the field of emergency response took place at the end of 2023. In November, in Harare, about 60 specialists from 22 Zimbabwean regions participated in training courses on two main programs – "Training of operators of fire and rescue equipment, tools and instruments for firefighting" and "Training of unit commanders in organizing firefighting and emergency rescue operations" – at the Belarusian technical center Bison Agro Machinery and the Fire Brigade City of Harare. Participants in these courses "practiced their skills in working with firefighting equipment and mastered emergency rescue techniques, including firefighting in buildings and structures, extricating victims, evacuating people from upper floors of buildings, dealing with the aftermath of road traffic accidents, and providing first aid"⁸² . These classes were a valuable experience for improving the skills and readiness of Zimbabwean specialists to respond to emergencies.

Secondly, in April 2025, **the 2nd meeting of the Belarusian-Zimbabwean Joint Permanent Commission on Cooperation** was held in Harare, where new areas of further cooperation between the two

⁸¹ Zimbabwe is interested in developing stock exchange trading with Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/zimbabwe-zainteresovano-v-razviti-birzhevoj-torgovli-s-belarusiu-617283-2024/>

⁸² Special course in 35 days. Teachers from the Civil Protection University of the Ministry of Emergency Situations trained specialists in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/spetskurs-za-35-dnej-prepodavately-universiteta-grazhdanskoi-zaschity-mchs-obuchili-spetsialistov-v-600251-2023/>

countries were discussed, promising projects in the field of agriculture, cooperative collaboration, and the expansion of the legal framework for bilateral relations. Documents were signed "providing for the expansion of cooperation in agriculture, industry, education, healthcare, disaster management, and the mining industry"⁸³. An agreement was also reached on the development of a new comprehensive roadmap for cooperation for 2026-2030, which will include both ongoing and new bilateral projects.

It should be noted that the level of mutual trade between Minsk and Harare is still low. For example, "exports from Zimbabwe to Belarus have remained relatively small and inconsistent for many years. The trade imbalance in favor of Belarus highlights the need for Zimbabwe to increase its competitiveness and expand the market for its export products"⁸⁴. Nevertheless, the Belarusian side considers this African country to be a reliable strategic partner on the continent. This was stated at the 2nd meeting of the standing commission.

In particular, the effectiveness of cooperation between the two countries has already been proven in agriculture. Suffice it to say that Belarus has already contributed to increasing crop yields in this country. "When the program began in 2020, the wheat harvest in Zimbabwe was estimated at 150,000 tons. By the end of 2024, as a result of the implementation of the first two phases of the joint program, the wheat harvest had more than tripled and exceeded 550,000 tons."⁸⁵. At the second meeting of the standing committee on cooperation, new Belarusian agricultural machinery was handed over to the Zimbabwean side: seven

⁸³ Belarus and Zimbabwe to develop a comprehensive roadmap for cooperation until 2030 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/belarus-i-zimbabwe-razrabotajut-vseobjemljuschuju-dorozhnicu-kartu-sotrudnichestva-do-2030-goda-709475-2025/>

⁸⁴ Muzimba, I.G. Distance is no obstacle to friendship and cooperation / I.G. Muzimba // [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/special/interview/view/posol-zimbabwe-rasstojanie-nepomeha-dlja-druzby-i-sotrudnichestva-9640/>

⁸⁵ Karankevich: Cooperation between Belarus and Zimbabwe in agriculture has proven its effectiveness [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/karankevich-sotrudnichestvo-belarusi-i-zimbabwe-v-selskom-hozjajstve-dokazalo-svoju-effektivnost-709306-2025/>

Gomselmash combine harvesters and 189 BELARUS tractors. And "as part of the implementation of the third stage of the Zimbabwe agricultural mechanization program, it is planned to supply 80 grain harvesters, 3,491 tractors, and 30 grain dump trucks with trailers."⁸⁶ . All this equipment will be provided with warranty and post-warranty service, repairs, and spare parts. Local specialists work and will continue to work on this equipment. They must receive appropriate training in the operation of equipment from Belarus. To this end, a Bison Agro Machinery service center, the exclusive representative of Belarusian agricultural equipment in the region, was opened in the country earlier. Approximately 80 percent of the employees there are Zimbabwean citizens who have professional training in the field of education, equipment operation, and repair. "A spare parts warehouse has also been set up here for rapid response in terms of both technical maintenance and equipment repair, primarily for equipment that is used in the fields during the busy season. This proves once again that the approach is high-quality and aimed at the further progressive development of the center,"⁸⁷ . The construction of grain drying complexes remains an important area: there are plans to build four of them in the country, as well as to modernize two. This will also increase the efficiency of the country's agriculture.

At the second meeting of the standing committee on cooperation, it was also announced that the Belgospisheprom concern is working on food supplies to Zimbabwe. "with regard to cooperation in the supply of fruit concentrates and purees for use in the food industry, interest was expressed in exploring the purchase of certain types of semi-finished products from raw materials not grown in Belarus, which are in demand

⁸⁶ Belarus and Zimbabwe plan to develop industrial cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-zimbabve-planirujut-razvivat-promkooperatsiju-709565-2025/>

⁸⁷ Government delegation notes success of Belarusian technology in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/pravitelstvennaja-delegatsija-otmetila-uspeh-belorusskoj-tehniki-v-zimbabve-709260-2025/>

by Belarusian canning enterprises, on the Belarusian Universal Commodity Exchange"⁸⁸⁸⁹ Finally, one of the outcomes of the 2nd meeting of the Belarusian-Zimbabwean Joint Standing Commission on Cooperation was the signing of an agreement on the production, assembly, and sale of buses and a "contract for the supply of MAZ bus kits to Zimbabwe."

A week after the 2nd meeting of the joint commission in Harare, Belarusian enterprises were represented at the Zimbabwe International Trade Fair 2025 (ZITF) in Bulawayo, Zimbabwe, where more than 20 countries were represented, including China, Japan, the United Kingdom, the United States of America, representatives of European Union countries, and regions of the African continent. More than 430 exhibitors showcased their products and goods at the Zimbabwe International Exhibition Center. "The Made in Belarus exhibition stands feature a wide range of goods and services from the engineering, food, and education sectors,"⁹⁰.

Thus, exclusively within the Belarusian location, developments in the line of mining dump trucks and related services for the support and technical maintenance of heavy equipment were presented. In addition, OJSC "UKH "BobruiskAgromash" showed trailed and mounted machines, primarily soil cultivation equipment, as well as equipment for fodder harvesting. Zimbabwean partners of the Belarusian enterprise expressed "interest in purchasing MZT series machines for applying liquid organic fertilizers. A number of projects are being developed to supply

⁸⁸ Belgospisheprom is working on food supplies to Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belgospisheprom-prorabatvyaet-postavki-pischevoj-produktsii-v-zimbabwe-709216-2025/>

⁸⁹ Belarus signed an agreement with Zimbabwe on the production, assembly, and sale of buses [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-podpisala-s-zimbabwe-soglasenie-o-proizvodstve-sborke-i-prodazhe-avtobusov-709476-2025/>

⁹⁰ Belarusian enterprises represented at a multi-sector exhibition in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/beloruskie-predprijatija-predstavleny-na-mnogootraslevoj-vystavke-v-zimbabwe-710492-2025/>

agricultural machinery to the African region, the implementation of which will begin in the second half of 2025"⁹¹ . It should be noted that Bobruiskagromash machinery is already operating in the fields of Zimbabwe – heavy disc harrows and firefighting machines.

The exhibition also featured a range of products from the Belarusian food sector, with the participation of Orsha Meat Canning Plant, Grodno Meat Processing Plant, Kobrin Butter and Cheese Factory, Luninetsky Milk Plant OJSC, and Berezovsky Meat Canning Plant OJSC. The educational potential, training programs, and industry-specific scientific and practical projects for foreign students were presented by Belarusian State University. Medical equipment for intensive care and diagnostics, as well as air purifiers, were demonstrated by the Integral association.

Thirdly, in May 2025, **Zimbabwean President E. Mnangagwa visited Belarus**, during which a roadmap for strategic cooperation and partnership between the two countries for 2026-2030 was signed, taking into account all key joint initiatives in various areas of interaction and identifying new projects, including in interregional cooperation and industrial cooperation. Following the talks in Minsk, a package of documents was adopted at the highest level, including an agreement between the relevant ministries on cooperation in the field of prevention and elimination of natural disasters and man-made accidents, memoranda of cooperation in the field of tourism, information and the press, on intentions to strengthen partnership in healthcare and the reconstruction of the hospital in Harare, on promoting the development of micro, small and medium-sized enterprises, and on strengthening partnership in the field of waste management and water purification"⁹² .

⁹¹ Bobruiskagromash to increase equipment supplies to Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/bobruiskagromash-uvlichit-postavki-tehniki-v-zimbabwe-711570-2025/>

⁹² Belarus and Zimbabwe sign package of documents following talks between Lukashenko and Mnangagwa [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/belarus-i-zimbabwe-711570-2025/>

In particular, Zimbabwe is interested not only in supplies of finished Belarusian products, but also in the exchange of production technologies, the construction of infrastructure for the agro-industrial complex by specialists from Belarus, and joint educational projects. It should be noted that "agriculture plays a key role in Zimbabwe's economy, with a significant portion of the working population employed in this sector. The main crops grown in the country are corn, sorghum, peanuts, round nuts, and beans"⁹³. The necessary conditions have already been created to increase exports of Belarusian products to Zimbabwe. In 2024, skimmed milk powder was supplied from Belarus to this African country, while citrus fruits and flowers were imported. At the beginning of 2025, meat and bone meal was added to the list of goods traded. And in June of this year, at the international specialized exhibition "Belagro-2025," the Zimbabwean side expressed its interest in the supply of sunflower oil.

An important step was the agreement on the form of the veterinary certificate and the receipt of permits by the relevant Belarusian economic entities to supply dairy products to this African country. And already "in March 2024, the Zimbabwean side conducted an inspection of Belarusian milk processing enterprises, as a result of which Belarusian enterprises began to export dairy products to Zimbabwe. The form of the veterinary certificate for such supplies has also been agreed upon"⁹⁴. At the moment, issues of logistics, customs duties, and a potential increase in the volume of supplies of baby food, canned meat, and other food products to this republic are being worked out. In addition, Belarus is ready to participate

[zimbabwe-podpisali-paket-dokumentov-po-itogam-peregovorov-lukashenko-i-mnangagvy-714764](https://belta.by/economics/view/podpisali-paket-dokumentov-po-itogam-peregovorov-lukashenko-i-mnangagvy-714764)

⁹³ Technology, infrastructure, personnel training. What Belarus and Zimbabwe agreed on in the agricultural sector [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/tehnologii-infrastruktura-podgotovka-kadrov-o-chem-dogovorilis-v-agramoj-sfere-belarus-i-zimbabwe-714560-2025/>

⁹⁴ Sunflower oil, milk. What other goods from Belarus are Zimbabwe interested in [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/podsolnechnoe-maslo-moloko-v-kakih-esche-tovarah-iz-belarusi-zainteresovano-zimbabwe-719338-2025/>

in the training of specialists for the agricultural sector of Zimbabwe by accepting students in specialized universities. For reference, more than 60 students from this country "are already studying at Belarusian universities in various agricultural, medical, and technical specialties"⁹⁵.

Special attention was paid during the negotiations to the construction of grain storage facilities. After the successful use of Belarusian technology, which has enabled record wheat harvests in recent seasons, African partners have stated the need to ensure conditions for storing the harvested crop. In this regard, the Belarusian side has proposed to its partners a number of projects in the livestock and poultry farming sectors, as well as the construction of grain drying complexes. The Zimbabwean side is interested in building these grain storage facilities. Moreover, there are companies in Belarus that are ready to go there, design, and build these facilities on a turnkey basis.⁹⁶

Another important issue is production cooperation. It should be noted that "Zimbabwe has been identified as one of the key countries on the African continent in terms of export diversification and export supply development"⁹⁷. There are quite a few plans there, and they are being implemented quite successfully. In this regard, Belarus plans to organize the production of tractor equipment in Zimbabwe by 2027 and, a little later, freight and passenger equipment, in order to supply jointly produced products not only to the domestic Zimbabwean market, but also to neighboring countries in the future. Belarusian specialists are already

⁹⁵ Target of \$100 million. Lukashenko announced tangible practical results in cooperation with Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/president/view/lukashenko-zajavil-ob-oschutimyh-prakticheskikh-rezultatah-v-sotrudnichestve-s-zimbabwe-714735-2025/>

⁹⁶ Gorlov: Belarus is ready to build turnkey grain drying complexes and grain storage facilities in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/gorlov-belarus-gotova-postroit-pod-kluch-zernosushilnye-kompleksy-i-zemohranilischa-v-zimbabwe-714729-2025/>

⁹⁷ Belarus plans to organize tractor production in Zimbabwe by 2027 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-k-2027-godu-planiruet-organizovat-v-zimbabwe-proizvodstvo-traktornoj-tehniki-714713-2025/>

prepared for long-term assignments to ensure the high-quality transfer of expertise to their African partners.

The next interesting topic is cooperation in the field of mineral resource extraction. It should be noted that "Zimbabwe is engaged in the extraction of minerals, mineral resources, and gold. Over the past 10 years, gold production has grown to 40 tons per year, which is clearly a success⁹⁸. In this regard, partners from South Africa have proposed that Belarus "develop a serious basis for investment that will ensure productivity growth in this sector and allow our economies to prosper"⁹⁹. They are also ready to consider new opportunities for expanding cooperation in the field of waste processing and management, and water purification. In this regard, "the Zimbabwean side is interested in garbage trucks, dump trucks, and water trucks"¹⁰⁰. The Minsk Automobile Plant (MAZ) is being considered as a supplier. MAZ's partner in Zimbabwe currently operates in the country's capital, Harare, but after the completion of a large waste processing plant, it will expand its activities to ten more provinces. Therefore, the immediate plans include a significant increase in the vehicle fleet.

As for humanitarian cooperation between the two countries, during Zimbabwean President Emmerson Mnangagwa's visit to Minsk, a memorandum of cooperation was signed between the Belarusian Telegraph Agency and the Zimbabwe Broadcasting Corporation. "The parties agreed to exchange journalists, photographers, and other

⁹⁸ Agricultural machinery, dairy products, and cotton. Areas in which Zimbabwe wants to cooperate with Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/selhoztehnika-molochnaia-produktsiia-i-hlopok-po-kakim-napraavlenniam-v-zimbabwe-hotjat-sotrudnicat-s-714434-2025/>

⁹⁹ Zimbabwe offers Belarus joint mineral resource extraction [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/zimbabwe-predlagaet-belarusi-zanjatsia-sovmestnoi-dobychei-mineralnyh-resursov-714772-2025/>

¹⁰⁰ Dump trucks, garbage trucks, water trucks. What companies from Zimbabwe are ready to buy from MAZ [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/samosvaly-musorovozv-vodovozv-cto-kompanii-iz-zimbabwe-gotovv-zakupat-u-maza-714537-2025/>

specialists to share their experience. The document will also allow for the prompt and regular sharing of information about events in Belarus and Zimbabwe in English ¹⁰¹ . The Belarusian and Zimbabwean media will exchange not only text materials, but also photo and video content.

Assessing the results of the Zimbabwean president's visit to Belarus in May 2025, it should be noted that the high-level talks held in Minsk yielded tangible practical results, taking political relations between the two countries to a new level, expanding trade and economic cooperation, and continuing to form the legal framework for cooperation. Moreover, Belarus and Zimbabwe agreed to establish a commission at the level of heads of state, which "will become a high-level strategic mechanism for coordinating the work of existing joint commissions and committees"¹⁰² , with the aim of achieving a sustainable mutual trade turnover of close to \$100 million by 2030. As for the current year, 2025, given Belarus' chairmanship of the Eurasian Economic Union and Zimbabwe's in the Southern African Development Community, the parties agreed to intensify cooperation between these integration platforms in order to "increase trade, create joint promising production facilities, and open new markets in both Africa and Eurasia"¹⁰³ . By strengthening each other's capabilities in this way, Belarus and Zimbabwe are sending an additional powerful impetus to other participants in these integration blocs in terms of strategy and models of mutually beneficial cooperation.

¹⁰¹ BELTA and the Zimbabwe Broadcasting Corporation signed a memorandum of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/belta-i-zimbabvijskaja-teleradioveschatelnaia-korporatsija-podpisali-memorandum-o-sotrudnichestve-714588-2025/>

¹⁰² Belarus and Zimbabwe agreed to establish a commission at the level of heads of state [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/president/view/belarus-i-zimbabve-dogovorilis-sozdat-komissiju-na-urovne-glav-gosudarstv-714768-2025/>

¹⁰³ New joint projects agreed upon during talks between the presidents of Belarus and Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/president/view/novve-sovmestnye-proekty-opredeleny-na-peregovorah-prezidentov-belarusi-i-zimbabve-714763-2025/>

Promoting partnerships as effectively as possible

Equatorial Guinea, a country on the west coast of Central Africa, and **Belarus** signed a Roadmap for the Development of Cooperation for 2024-2026 in December 2023 in the capital of this African state, Malabo. This document was developed with the Equatorial Guinean side in mind and was comprehensive in nature. "The document covers 15 key areas of cooperation, including joint projects, the supply of Belarusian equipment and the organization of its maintenance, agriculture, healthcare, pharmaceuticals and the sale of medical equipment, and forestry"¹⁰⁴. Over the next three years, the parties have agreed to implement 74 specific promising projects, including: the construction of an agricultural town with the necessary infrastructure; the construction of 100 social housing buildings; the creation of a ceramic brick factory with a capacity of up to 40 million bricks per year; the supply of fire engines, construction and other equipment, including for the implementation of a joint project on logging and the creation of new agricultural land; and the electrification of remote areas. In addition to the roadmap, more than fifteen bilateral agreements were adopted, including: on the promotion and mutual protection of investments, on the avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of tax evasion on profits and property, on cooperation and mutual assistance in customs matters; on cooperation in the field of tourism; mutual recognition of educational documents; cooperation in science and technology. In addition, a number of documents have been signed at the interdepartmental level, including memoranda of cooperation and mutual understanding.

¹⁰⁴ Presidents of Belarus and Equatorial Guinea sign roadmap for cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: https://www.belta.by/president/view/prezidenty-belarusi-i-ekvatorialnoj-gvinei-podpisali-dorozhnyu-kartu-po-razvitiyu-sotrudnichestva-604377-2023/?utm_source=belta&utm_medium=news&utm_campaign=accent

It should be recalled that in October 2023, the first meeting of the Joint Permanent Belarusian-Equatorial Guinean Commission on Trade and Economic Cooperation was held in Minsk, at which the parties "agreed to ensure the steady growth of trade turnover in order to bring it into line with the potential of the two countries, as well as to promote specific projects in the fields of industry, technological development, agriculture, healthcare, science, technology, education, culture, and construction"¹⁰⁵. In addition, bilateral sectoral working groups were set up to achieve results as soon as possible in the main sectors of bilateral cooperation. "The focus is on industrial cooperation, agricultural mechanization, Belarus' experience in ensuring food security, and the development of cooperation in the energy sector, healthcare, pharmaceuticals, petrochemicals, and education."¹⁰⁶. And already in November 2023, at the first meetings of these working groups, the prospects for implementing projects on the joint construction of poultry farms, energy infrastructure facilities, social housing, building materials production enterprises, opportunities for joint activities in fish processing, the creation of agricultural clusters, and a production and logistics hub for Belarusian products.

In particular, at a meeting of the working group on industry, the Belarusian side put forward proposals on the mechanization of agriculture, the construction of grain drying complexes for grain storage and drying, the supply of various automotive and road construction equipment, Belarusian dump trucks, diesel generator and compressor stations, and industrial diesel engines. Belarusian manufacturers offer not only comprehensive projects, but also "adhere to a comprehensive approach

¹⁰⁵ Zaleski, B.L. The goal is to promote specific projects / B.L. Zaleski // Materials of the XX International scientific and practical conference "Fundamental and applied science – 2023", October 30 – November 7, 2023: Sheffield. Science and education LTD. – C. 11.

¹⁰⁶ On the visit of Belarusian Foreign Minister S. Aleinik to Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/ddb586f041dd247f.html

that provides not only the supply of equipment, but also spare parts, service and warranty maintenance, training for local specialists in the operation and repair of equipment, and, if necessary, sending their technical specialists to commission the equipment and train personnel in its use"¹⁰⁷. In addition, there is also talk of building a waste processing plant, subsequently processing this waste into finished products and generating electricity. This contract is preliminarily estimated at \$100 million. And more: "Equatorial Guinea will eventually become a kind of hub for the supply of Belarusian equipment to neighboring African countries. In the future, there may also be talk of setting up production facilities here."¹⁰⁸.

As for the working group on agriculture, at the first meeting in November, the parties agreed on the supply of agricultural equipment and food products, Belarusian corn, potato, and other crop seeds, based on interest, as well as on the implementation of joint projects in the field of poultry farming and vegetable growing, and plant protection products from our country. The fact is that the Belarusian side intends to seriously engage in the creation and development of a modern agricultural sector in Equatorial Guinea, which "currently imports almost all of the food consumed in the country, with the exception of literally a few items that are traditionally grown in the country"¹⁰⁹. Belarus has therefore proposed comprehensive solutions in this regard. In particular, Belarusian

¹⁰⁷ The Ministry of Industry of Belarus discussed areas of bilateral cooperation with Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/minprom-belarusi-obsudil-napravlenija-dvustoronnego-sotrudnichestva-s-ekvatorialnoj-gvineej-599714-2023/>

¹⁰⁸ Rogozhnik: Equatorial Guinea could become a hub for the supply of Belarusian equipment to neighboring countries [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/rogozhnik-ekvatorialnaia-gvineja-mozhet-stat-habom-dlja-postavki-belorusskoj-tehniki-v-sosednie-strany-604414-2023/>

¹⁰⁹ Belarus will help feed people in Equatorial Guinea. Bartosz shared his ambitious plans [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-pomozhet-nakormit-ljudej-v-ekvatorialnoj-gvinee-bartosh-podelilsja-ambitsioznymi-planami-604413-2023>

specialists have already begun studying the soils in this African country, both on the islands and on the mainland. A laboratory will be set up here, where local specialists will be trained to determine soil composition. After that, the implementation of priority plans will begin. First, to clean up the territory where there is suitable soil. Second, to teach local workers how to grow crops using mineral fertilizers. Third, to assist in the construction of poultry farms with a capacity of 20,000 birds for egg production. Fourth, to assist in the construction of an agricultural town. Fifth, to create a training center for Equatorial Guinean specialists. Sixth, "cooperation in the field of fisheries (supply from Belarus and fish processing) will be established, as well as training of specialists from Equatorial Guinea in the fields of mechanization, processing, and fisheries at agricultural universities in Belarus"¹¹⁰. So, the agenda of the working group on agriculture is quite busy.

The working group on cooperation in the field of healthcare and pharmaceuticals also has its own plan for building a national healthcare system in this African country. This plan is comprehensive and covers virtually all measures to quickly solve the tasks set for three to five years. But to do this, Equatorial Guinea must first solve the problem of medical personnel, as "there are a number of medical buildings that have been built and relatively put into operation. But they are not functioning, <...> there are no professional personnel, including specialists who can serve this medical complex"¹¹¹. For this reason, the Belarusian side will help organize training in medical schools and faculties in Equatorial Guinea

¹¹⁰ Belarus plans to supply agricultural machinery, seeds, and food to Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-planiruet-postavljat-v-ekvatorialnuju-gvineju-selhoztehniku-semena-i-prodovolstvie-599940-2023/>

¹¹¹ Proposal to build Equatorial Guinea's healthcare system based on the Belarusian model [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/sistemuzdravoohraneniia-v-ekvatorialnoj-gvinee-predlagajut-postroit-po-belorusskim-lekalam-604422-2023>

itself, but at the first stage – in Belarus. As for the treatment process, it will be organized using Belarusian medicines and medical devices. The logistics of the new projects have already been determined. For example, the Equatorial Guinean side has proposed that specialists from Belarus open an oncology department at the La Paz clinic in Bata. will also resolve "the issue of the logistics center for the supply of medical equipment and medicines to African countries"¹¹².

Finally, at the first meeting of the working groups on cooperation in the scientific, technical, and educational fields, the parties identified the most priority areas for cooperation. In the first case, these are issues of "supplies of high-tech knowledge-intensive products and cooperation between scientific organizations, opportunities to participate in scientific and technical events, and holding a joint Belarusian-Equatorial Guinean competition of scientific and technical projects"¹¹³. The second area concerns "training personnel in engineering, engineering and technical, engineering and pedagogical, technological, and agricultural specialties in higher education, in specialties of vocational and technical and secondary specialized education, as well as in the field of teaching Russian to Equatorial Guinean citizens"¹¹⁴.

And already in 2024, the two countries were able to make significant progress in developing this cooperation. In April, at the first session of the House of Representatives of the National Assembly of Belarus of the eighth convocation, deputies adopted a draft law "On the

¹¹² Equatorial Guinea is interested in joint projects with Belarus in the field of healthcare [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/ekvatorialnaja-gvineia-zainteresovana-v-sovmestnyh-proektah-s-belarusiju-v-sfere-zdravoohraneniia-604276-2023/>

¹¹³ Belarus and Equatorial Guinea will develop cooperation in the scientific and technical sphere [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaja-gvineia-budut-razvivat-sotrudnichestvo-v-nauchno-tehnicheskoi-sfere-599740-2023/>

¹¹⁴ Belarus and Equatorial Guinea to establish cooperation in personnel training [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaja-gvineia-naladiat-sotrudnichestvo-v-podgotovke-kadrov-599731-2023/>

ratification of the Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Belarus and the Government of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea on the promotion and mutual protection of investments." This document aims to create a legal framework for bilateral relations in the field of investment cooperation and to strengthen guarantees for the protection of capital investments. "The ratification of the agreement will allow the use of effective mechanisms to protect Belarusian investors in the Republic of Equatorial Guinea, which will contribute to the development of trade and economic cooperation"¹¹⁵. In particular, the agreement provides for: the creation of favorable conditions for investment, the provision of a regime for investors in accordance with the minimum standards for the treatment of foreigners provided for by international law, including fair and equal treatment, full protection and security, protection from compulsory expropriation of property equivalent in effect to expropriation or nationalization, and the possibility of appealing to an international arbitration court to protect their rights and interests.

In 2024, the Belarusian Ministry of Industry undertook the implementation of six comprehensive projects in this African country. "These projects involve the supply of Belarusian machinery and equipment for the mechanization of agriculture, the electrification of remote agricultural areas, the improvement and cleaning of territories, waste disposal, construction, and ensuring the country's fire safety,"¹¹⁶. To this end, the Belarusian Ministry of Industry signed two memoranda of cooperation: the first with the Ministry of Social and Housing Construction and Urban Planning; the second with the Ministry of the

¹¹⁵ Belarus and Equatorial Guinea strengthen guarantees for mutual investment protection [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaia-gvineja-ukreplajut-garantii-po-vzaimnoj-zaschite-investitsij-628593-2024/>

¹¹⁶ Ministry of Industry intends to implement six comprehensive projects with Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/minprom-nameren-realizovat-6-kompleksnyh-proektov-s-ekvatorialnoj-gvineej-607364-2023/>

Interior and Local Corporations of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea. These documents provide for the development of cooperation between the ministries in the supply of Belarusian municipal and road construction equipment, as well as garbage trucks and special firefighting equipment. In this regard, we note that a comprehensive solution is possible, where, along with the supply of various types of equipment and machinery, industry enterprises provide a full range of services – spare parts supply, service and warranty maintenance, training local specialists in the operation and repair of equipment, and, if necessary, sending their own technical specialists to commission the equipment and train local personnel in its use. This approach has already been successfully tested in the implementation of large-scale projects to supply Belarusian equipment to African markets.

The next question concerns cooperation between Belarus and Equatorial Guinea in the field of construction. On this topic, it should be noted that the government of this Central African country recently announced plans to invest in infrastructure projects, such as the construction of new roads, bridges, and buildings, which stimulate economic growth. In this regard, there is "growing interest from foreign companies in investing in the country's construction industry"¹¹⁷. In June 2024, talks were held in Minsk between the heads of the ministries of architecture and construction of Belarus and social, housing construction and urban planning of Equatorial Guinea, at which the construction of a ceramic brick factory by Belarusian specialists on the territory of the African state was discussed, and "the possibility of organizing advisory

¹¹⁷ Overview of the construction market in Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://budexport.by/equatorial-guinea/>

assistance from Belarusian specialists in Equatorial Guinea and training construction professionals using Belarusian methodology"¹¹⁸ .

And in August 2024, the Ministry of Education of the Republic of Belarus and the Ministry of Education, Science, University and Vocational Training of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea signed a cooperation agreement to develop and strengthen mutually beneficial relations between the two countries. After all, cooperation in the field of education contributes to the deepening of relations and better mutual understanding between peoples. In this regard, the parties will promote "the establishment and development of direct links between educational institutions of the two countries, participation in educational events held in the states, and the exchange of educational literature and scientific publications in accordance with the legislation of the states"¹¹⁹ . And already in September last year, students from Equatorial Guinea came to Belarus to study at universities. And in 2025, the first intake of citizens from this country will be accepted for training at Belarusian medical higher education institutions: "20 people will come to study in Belarus on a grant"¹²⁰ .

All these facts show that the Roadmap for the Development of Cooperation between Belarus and Equatorial Guinea for 2024-2026 is already gaining momentum, moving along an upward trajectory and increasing interaction in various areas. The parties intend to carry out a great deal of work to implement the main provisions of this document,

¹¹⁸ Belarus and Equatorial Guinea to boost cooperation in the construction sector [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaja-gvineja-prikladut-impuls-sotrudnichestvu-v-stroitelnoj-sfere-644244-2024/>

¹¹⁹ The Ministries of Education of Belarus and Equatorial Guinea have signed a cooperation agreement [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/minobrazovanija-belarusi-i-ekvatorialnoj-gvinei-zakljuchili-soglasenie-o-sotrudnichestve-658002-2024/>

¹²⁰ Citizens of Equatorial Guinea will come to study at Belarusian medical universities for the first time this year [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/grazhdane-ekvatorialnoj-gvinei-v-etom-godu-vpervye-priedut-na-obuchenie-v-belorusskie-medvuzv-720328-2025/>

which will promote partnership ties as effectively as possible on a multi-level basis in order to realise the planned bilateral agreements.

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

To continue the mutually beneficial partnership in stages

In July 2024, a Belarusian government delegation led by Belarusian Prime Minister R. Golovchenko visited **Nicaragua**, where groundbreaking documents on Belarusian-Nicaraguan bilateral relations were signed. It should be noted that Nicaragua is a dynamically developing country with a favorable economic and geographical position, where "a number of infrastructure projects are being implemented that are important not only for the Central American region, but also for the entire planet. In particular, the country is planning to dig a new canal"¹²¹. For this reason, the Nicaraguan government is implementing projects to build a port, a runway, and roads that would connect the Pacific and Atlantic coasts. The Belarusian side believes that this Central American country is a promising partner for the simple reason that "Belarus shares Nicaragua's ideals and values, which are aimed at caring for ordinary people and building a just society."¹²². So Minsk is ready to contribute to the development and prosperity of this country.

For reference, active cooperation between the two countries began a couple of years ago. And in mid-2023, the foreign ministries of Belarus and Nicaragua signed a general intergovernmental agreement on the provision of export credits, which provided additional opportunities for cooperation, including the supply of equipment. In October, at the third meeting of the Belarusian-Nicaraguan Joint Commission on Trade and Economic Cooperation, it was noted that "the products of the Minsk

¹²¹ MFA: Nicaragua is a promising partner for Belarus, we have something to offer this country [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/politics/view/mid-nicaragua-perspektivnyi-partner-dlja-belarusi-nam-est-cto-predlozhit-etoj-strane-648934-2024/>

¹²² Golovchenko announced the delivery of more than 700 units of Belarusian equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/golovchenko-anonsiroval-postavku-bolee-700-edinit-belorusskoi-tehniki-v-nicaragua-648959-2024/>

Automobile Plant,¹²³ Amkodor, Minsk Tractor Plant, and other giants of domestic industry will be in demand in Latin American countries for the implementation of ambitious infrastructure projects planned by the current government." And already in January 2024, "the first shipment of dump trucks manufactured by the Minsk Automobile Plant was delivered to Nicaragua: 9 MAZ-5551 units and 6 MAZ-6501 units"¹²⁴. And in May of the same year, setting the tone for cooperation between all Belarusian and Nicaraguan regions, the Minsk City Executive Committee and the Managua City Council signed an agreement on trade and economic cooperation, which referred to "the creation of joint assembly plants, service centers, the supply of equipment, and cooperation in education and healthcare"¹²⁵. At the same time, in May, the Belarusian Ministry of Industry announced its interest in building the potential for industrial dialogue between the two countries and in facilitating "the implementation of projects to supply equipment for the needs of cities in the republic, including the capital, Managua. This involves the supply of trucks, buses, electric buses, and road construction equipment"¹²⁶. Finally, in June 2024, AMKODOR OJSC signed significant contracts for the supply of modern road construction equipment to Nicaragua – "for the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure, as well as for the Nicaraguan Institute for Municipal

¹²³ Zaleski, B. Priorities of Multivectorism. Chronicle of Belarus' International Economic Cooperation with Interested Partners on Different Continents / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2024. – P. 376.

¹²⁴ MAZ is ready to expand trade cooperation with Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/maz-gotov-pristupit-k-rasshireniju-torgovogo-sotrudnichestva-s-nikaragua-627749-2024/>

¹²⁵ Minsk and Managua have identified areas of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/regions/view/minsk-i-managua-opredelili-napravlenija-sotrudnichestva-637016-2024/>

¹²⁶ Belarus and Nicaragua discussed practical aspects of cooperation on equipment supplies [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/special/economics/view/belarus-i-nikaragua-obsudili-prakticheskie-aspekty-sotrudnichestva-po-postavkam-tehniki-637745-2024/>

Development"¹²⁷, which will contribute to the modernization of the country's transport network and lay the foundation for closer economic cooperation between Belarus and Nicaragua.

Returning to the visit of the Belarusian government delegation to Nicaragua in July 2024, it should be noted that as a result of these high-level negotiations in Managua, contracts worth \$85 million were signed. For example, four new loan agreements totaling more than \$79 million were signed with the country's Ministry of Finance alone "for the supply of more than 700 units of Belarusian equipment to be used in various sectors of the Nicaraguan economy"¹²⁸. There were two main areas of supply of Belarusian equipment to this Central American country: vehicles from the Minsk Automobile Plant and equipment from AMKODOR OJSC, in order to create a platform in Nicaragua for the transfer of Belarusian technologies in the machine-building and agro-industrial complexes. So, "by the end of [2024], about 370 units of freight equipment worth \$38 million will be delivered. These are dump trucks, tractors, tank trucks for transporting drinking water, and < ... > municipal vehicles that will operate in the municipal districts of Nicaragua"¹²⁹. Moreover, the Nicaraguan truck market consists mainly of used equipment, and the purchase of new equipment is hampered by the organization of financial instruments.

As for AMKODOR, it has signed a large export contract for a wide range of road construction equipment. The first deliveries were planned before the end of 2024. "Under the contract, front-end mini-loaders,

¹²⁷ AMKODOR to supply road construction equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/amkodor-postavit-dorozhno-stroitelnyju-tehniku-v-nikaragua-641599-2024/>

¹²⁸ Contracts worth \$85 million signed during Roman Golovchenko's visit to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.government.by/ru/content/10955>

¹²⁹ Minsk Automobile Plant to supply \$38 million worth of freight equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/minskij-avtomobilnyj-zavod-postavit-v-nikaragua-gruzovuju-tehniku-na-38-mln-649162-2024/>

graders, bulldozers, excavators, and rollers will be supplied to Nicaragua—in other words, a complete range of equipment necessary for the construction and maintenance of roads in working order"¹³⁰ .

The Minsk Tractor Plant also has plans for Nicaragua, supplying 36 machines there. And there are plans to "supply 120-200 units per month, if a financial instrument is created."¹³¹ . It is believed that this Central American country is almost completely self-sufficient in food, but without mechanization and automation, it is impossible to engage in exports and create new capacities for fruit, coffee, and other products. So the power range of Belarusian tractors can be increased. The possibility of creating assembly plants is even being considered.

The most promising areas of trade and economic cooperation between the two countries were identified at the Belarusian-Nicaraguan business forum, which took place in Managua in July 2024, where special emphasis was placed on cooperation in the supply of equipment from Belarus, "including electric transport, the supply of agricultural machinery and technology transfer in agriculture, pharmaceuticals and the use of domestic developments in the construction of residential and industrial facilities in Nicaragua"¹³² . As a result, a memorandum of cooperation was signed at the forum between the National Center for Marketing and Price Conjuncture and the Nicaraguan Secretariat for Investment and Export Promotion to ensure the establishment of direct contacts in the relevant business areas and their support until the conclusion of deals.

¹³⁰ "An unprecedented step." AMKODOR on a major contract to supply equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/bespretsedentnyj-shag-amkodor-o-bolshom-kontrakte-na-postavku-tehniki-v-nikaragua-649135-2024/>

¹³¹ Minsk Tractor Works to supply 36 tractors to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/minskij-traktornyj-zavod-postavit-v-nikaragua-36-traktorov-649128-2024/>

¹³² Electric transport, agricultural machinery, and pharmaceuticals. How business relations between Belarus and Nicaragua will develop [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/elektrotransport-selhoztehnika-i-farmatsija-kak-budut-prodvigatsja-biznes-otnoshenija-belarusi-i-649101-2024/>

Summing up the results of this visit by the Belarusian government delegation to Managua, it can be noted that in July 2024, the first real step was taken towards major economic cooperation between Belarus and Nicaragua, not only to implement large-scale projects in this Central American country, but also to implement a well-thought-out policy of re-exporting joint products to Latin American markets. There are considerable prospects in this regard.

And already in August 2024, agreements in the field of trade and economic cooperation began to be implemented. "The first batch of Belarusian equipment, purchased under a credit line from the Development Bank of Belarus, has been delivered to the Nicaraguan port of Corinto"¹³³. This equipment is already being used for clearing, construction, and repair work on nearly 1,500 streets in the country's capital. And at the end of September, a pilot batch of 15 dump trucks from the Minsk Automobile Plant was delivered. "The machine sets were delivered to Central America by sea"¹³⁴.

And in May 2025, the Amkodor holding company delivered the first batch of special equipment to this country – "12 AMKODOR 211 universal loaders with side turning and four AMKODOR 332C4 universal loaders"¹³⁵. It should be noted that the contract between the Belarusian enterprise and the Nicaraguan side provides for phased deliveries of equipment until 2027. This includes a wide range of machines, including forklifts, motor graders, bulldozers, rollers, and other types of road construction and municipal equipment.

¹³³ The first batch of Belarusian equipment arrived in Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/pervaja-partija-belorusskoj-tehniki-pribyla-v-nikaragua-653105-2024/>

¹³⁴ A pilot batch of MAZ dump trucks was delivered to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/v-nikaragua-sostoialas-peredacha-pilotnoi-partii-samosvalov-maz-664699-2024/>

¹³⁵ Amkodor delivered the first batch of equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/amkodor-peredal-pervuju-partiju-tehniki-v-nikaragua-715513-2025/>

In May 2025, the 4th meeting of the Belarusian-Nicaraguan Joint Commission on Trade and Economic Cooperation was held in Managua, where enterprises and agencies of the two countries held direct constructive negotiations and identified promising "growth points" for mutually beneficial cooperation in the trade, economic, scientific, educational, and cultural spheres. The parties agreed to intensify cooperation in a number of strategically important areas, including "expanding supplies of Belarusian municipal, road, construction, freight, passenger, and agricultural equipment; participation of Belarusian companies in Nicaraguan investment projects in the field of road, industrial and residential construction, the development of transport infrastructure, and the supply of pharmaceutical and medical products to the Nicaraguan market."¹³⁶

During this meeting of the joint commission, a "Detailed Plan for the Development of Comprehensive Cooperation between the Republic of Belarus and the Republic of Nicaragua until 2030" was signed. In this document, "Belarus aims to continue cooperation in traditional areas (through industrial enterprises MAZ and AMKODOR) and to establish a strategic partnership with the Ministry of Emergency Situations (from training to equipment supplies)"¹³⁷. Cooperation is also planned in the area of educational programs that Belarus could offer Nicaragua. There are other promising areas of cooperation, such as unmanned aerial vehicles and pharmacology.

Following the 4th meeting of the joint commission, the parties signed contracts worth \$36 million so that joint projects in the trade,

¹³⁶ On the visit of Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs of Belarus E. Shestakov to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. — 2025. — URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/cab0186a90fd2361.html

¹³⁷ Cooperation in the fields of emergency response, medicine, and education. What Belarus offers Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. — 2025. — URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/sotrudnichestvo-po-linii-mchs-meditsiny-obrazovaniia-chto-belarus-predlagaet-nikaragua-716393-2025/>

economic, scientific, and technical spheres would not only target the Nicaraguan market but also serve as "a kind of platform for Belarusian goods and technologies to enter the markets of neighboring countries in the region"¹³⁸. In particular, Belarus will supply Nicaragua with more than 280 trucks of various models and road construction equipment. This is provided for in new agreements between the two countries. The Development Bank of Belarus has signed four credit agreements worth a total of more than \$30 million, which are significant for both countries. After all, "Belarusian equipment for Nicaragua is a necessary element for the sustainable operation of public utilities and organizations involved in the implementation of large-scale Chinese-Nicaraguan infrastructure investment projects"¹³⁹.

In this context, it should be added that back in November 2024, Nicaragua and China signed agreements on the implementation of several projects that will contribute to the economic and social development of this Central American country. In particular, "the first agreement on the design, procurement, and construction of the Bluefields deep-water port on the Caribbean coast was signed between representatives of the Chinese company CAMC and the Nicaraguan Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure (MTI)"¹⁴⁰. MTI representatives also approved an agreement with the Asian company CCSA on the design and implementation of an

¹³⁸ Belarus and Nicaragua sign contracts worth \$36 million [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-nikaragua-podpisali-kontrakty-na-36-mln-716679-2025/>

¹³⁹ Belarus to supply more than 280 pieces of equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-postavit-v-nikaragua-bolee-280-edinit-tehniki-716779-2025/>

¹⁴⁰ Nicaragua has signed new agreements with Chinese companies [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://ruso.prensa-latina.cu/2024/11/19/%D0%BD%D0%B8%D0%BA%D0%B0%D1%80%D0%B0%D0%B3%D1%83%D0%B0-%D0%BF%D0%BE%D0%B4%D0%BF%D0%B8%D1%81%D0%B0%D0%BB%D0%B0-%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0%B2%D1%8B%D0%B5-%D1%81%D0%BE%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B0%D1%88%D0%B5%D0%BD%D0%B8/>

intelligent logistics center in Nicaragua in cooperation with the Nicaraguan Port Company facilities and a number of other projects.

Returning to the 4th meeting of the joint commission, we note that Belarus is ready to cooperate in the field of information technology and the banking and financial sector, and is also working on the supply of firefighting equipment, medicines, and medical equipment to Nicaragua. The Belarusian company Bobruiskagromash offers mounted and trailed equipment, as well as equipment for tractors. After all, it is important not only to have a tractor, but also equipment for it, which significantly increases labor productivity in agriculture. This is what Nicaragua really needs at the moment. In the field of pharmaceuticals, "there are already specific agreements that will allow Belarusian medicines to be supplied to the Nicaraguan market even without full certification"¹⁴¹. Moreover, Belarusian medicines are much cheaper than medicines from other countries, but they are no less effective. Our Nicaraguan colleagues are also interested in medical equipment, which is why it will also be supplied along with the medicines.

Another important topic for Nicaragua is genetic material for potato cultivation. The Belarusian Academy of Sciences has many different types of potatoes that will be effectively cultivated on Nicaraguan soil. As for imports from Nicaragua, Belarus is interested in supplies of coffee, bananas, and seafood. Other topics include cooperation in the field of science and education. "The Nicaraguan side is interested in strengthening cooperation with Belarusian universities"¹⁴². Finally, in May 2025, the two capitals, Minsk and Managua, signed a twinning agreement covering

¹⁴¹ Belarus is working on supplying firefighting equipment, medicines, and medical equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-prorabatvvaet-postavki-v-nikaragua-pozharnoi-tehniki-lekarstv-i-medoborudovanija-717174-2025/>

¹⁴² Nicaragua is interested in purchasing Belarusian medicines [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/nikaragua-zainteresovana-v-zakupke-belorusskih-lekarstv-682583-2024/>

a wide range of areas "in such fields as business, culture, education, and healthcare"¹⁴³ in order to develop new areas and markets in the center of the American continent.

All these facts show that the decisions of the 4th meeting of the Belarusian-Nicaraguan Joint Commission on Trade and Economic Cooperation give new impetus to the development of trade, economic, scientific, technical, social, and cultural ties between the two countries in order to gradually continue their mutually beneficial partnership.

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

¹⁴³ Kukharev said that the twinning agreement with Managua will benefit Minsk [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/kuharev-rasskazal-chto-dast-minsku-soglashenie-o-pobratimstve-s-managua-713714-2025/>

From East Asia to West Africa

In 2025, the **Belarusian Universal Commodity Exchange** (BUTB) took a new major step in the development of exchange trading in our country. In the first quarter of this year, the total amount of export exchange transactions on the BUTB increased by almost one and a half times and amounted to 1.3 billion Belarusian rubles. The most popular Belarusian goods abroad were sawn timber, milk powder, meat, butter, and feed additives. At the same time, in the first three months of 2025, 774 new companies (470 residents and 304 non-residents) were accredited to participate in exchange trading. As of March 31, 2025, more than 36,000 companies were accredited, of which more than 8,000 were non-residents from 81 foreign countries"¹⁴⁴.

When it comes to specific countries that actively participate in the work of the BSE, **Russia** is, of course, the leader in this list, not only ranking first in terms of trade volume among all countries represented on the Belarusian exchange platform, but also being the largest destination for exchange exports. At the end of the first quarter of this year, deliveries of Belarusian goods to the Russian market grew by more than 40 percent in value terms, exceeding \$200 million. Russian companies mainly buy meat products, milk powder, butter, cheese, and feed additives at auctions. Belarusian participants are most interested in grain, plant protection products, veterinary drugs, and food raw materials. The growth rate of transactions in this segment of the commodity market was 135 percent. In addition to agricultural products (), metallurgical and woodworking products, building materials, lubricants, polymer products, and a wide range of industrial and consumer goods demonstrated high liquidity on the exchange over the three months. "In particular, export sales of Belarusian

¹⁴⁴ The number of transactions on the BUTB exchange in the first quarter increased by a third [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/kolichestvo-sdelok-na-torgah-butb-za-i-kvartal-vvroslo-na-tret-712291-2025/>

gas silicate blocks to Russia increased by 26%, ferrous and non-ferrous metal scrap by 12%, and industrial products by 3%. In turn, Russian enterprises increased sales of polymers and polymer packaging by 63%, ferroalloys by 22%, and ferrous metal products by 6%.¹⁴⁵ .

And according to the results of January-April, Russian exports grew by another 20% compared to the same period in 2024, exceeding \$310 million, which is significantly more than China and Uzbekistan, which ranked second and third, respectively. This demonstrates the sustained interest of Russian businesses in the instruments offered by the BUTB and the desire of Russian companies to develop cooperation with Belarus in the field of electronic exchange trading. It remains only to add that as of mid-May this year, "4,522 Russian residents, including seven exchange brokers, are accredited on the BUTB. Thus, since the beginning of the year, the number of Russian trading participants has increased by 264 companies"¹⁴⁶ .

In May of this year, the Natproektstroy group of companies, which is one of Russia's largest construction holdings, expressed interest in cooperating with the BUTB. The discussion focused on the possible use of exchange trading for the procurement of materials, equipment, and machinery for the construction of transport and energy infrastructure facilities. Not only Belarusian and Russian enterprises, but also companies from other countries accredited on the BUTB will be able to act as suppliers. In particular, one of the areas of cooperation with the Natproektstroy Group could be the purchase of aerated concrete blocks produced by the Belarusian Cement Company. Since export exchange

¹⁴⁵ Stock exchange turnover in Belarus and Russia grew by 17% [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/birzhevoi-tovarooborot-belarusi-i-rossii-vyros-na-17-706573-2025/>

¹⁴⁶ BUTB: Russian companies continue to lead in terms of the total value of stock exchange transactions [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-rossiiskie-kompanii-po-prezhnemu-lidirujut-po-summe-birzhevnyh-sdelok-715396-2025/>

trading of these products is conducted on the BUTB on a regular basis, and the seller is the direct manufacturer, working through the exchange will ensure regular deliveries and the proper quality of goods. It should be noted that "in January-April 2025, 257,000 cubic meters of aerated concrete wall blocks were sold abroad, which is 32% more than in the same period in 2024. The entire volume was purchased by residents of Russia"¹⁴⁷.

Recently, there has been an increase in stock trading between the Belarusian Stock Exchange and other countries of the Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS). For example, with **Azerbaijan**. In 2024, transactions concluded by Azerbaijani companies on the Belarusian exchange platform "accounted for more than 20% of the total trade volume between Belarus and Azerbaijan, while compared to 2023, the exchange turnover of the two countries increased almost 2.5 times"¹⁴⁸. As of the beginning of May this year, 156 business entities from this South Caucasus country had already been accredited on the BUTB, of which about a third regularly participate in trading. Lumber is in the highest demand among Azerbaijani importers. This item accounts for over 90 percent of the exchange turnover between our countries. However, the situation is gradually changing, and based on statistics from 2025, we can talk about an increase in the share of agricultural products in the structure of exchange transactions. In particular, sales of Belarusian dry milk, butter, and meat products to Azerbaijan are growing dynamically. At the end of the first four months of this year, purchases of these goods already exceeded the total for the whole of 2024 by 30 percent. In May, at the

¹⁴⁷ One of Russia's largest construction holdings plans to cooperate with BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/odin-iz-krupnejshih-stroitelnyh-holdingov-rossii-planiruet-sotrudnicat-s-butb-716037-2025/>

¹⁴⁸ Stock trading accounted for more than 20% of trade turnover between Belarus and Azerbaijan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/birzhevaia-torgovlja-obespechila-bolee-20-tovarooborota-belarusi-i-azerbajdzhana-712981-2025>

Belarusian-Azerbaijani Business Forum, the first BUTB broker in Azerbaijan, SAMA-ZT LLC, was awarded an accreditation certificate. This company will focus on attracting new participants to the exchange platform and, if necessary, will assist them in concluding transactions, conducting settlements, and organizing logistics. In addition, to enhance cooperation with the Azerbaijani business community, a memorandum of cooperation was signed between the BUTB and the Agency for the Development of Small and Medium-Sized Businesses of the Republic of Azerbaijan. The combined efforts of the agency and the exchange will make it possible to more effectively inform Azerbaijani entrepreneurs about the opportunities for working on the Belarusian trading platform and will contribute to an increase in the share of the exchange segment in the trade turnover of the two countries.

Another CIS country that intends to increase the volume of exchange trade turnover, expand the range of goods, and increase the number of users of the BUTB trading platform in 2025 is **Turkmenistan**. "At the end of last year [2024], the amount of exchange transactions by Turkmen participants grew 25 times – from \$80,000 to almost \$2 million. Moreover, all of this was Belarusian exports, namely sawn timber and dry milk"¹⁴⁹. In May of this year, at the International Trade and Services Exhibition (ITSE-2025) in Ashgabat, representatives of the BSTB expressed interest in developing cooperation with Turkmen businesses, both in terms of increasing the volume of transactions and expanding the range of goods involved in mutual trade. This is especially true given that "compared to January-April last year, the value of exchange transactions by Turkmen participants has grown more than fivefold, primarily due to

¹⁴⁹ BUTB and the Embassy of Turkmenistan agree on cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-i-posolstvo-turkmenistana-dogovorilis-o-sotrudnichestve-707495-2025/>

an increase in exports of Belarusian products"¹⁵⁰. As for imports from this Central Asian country, the most promising product groups are textiles and fruit and vegetable products. In this regard, negotiations were held on the sidelines of the ITSE 2025 forum with a number of Turkmen manufacturers of these products to attract them to the Belarusian exchange platform. A meeting was also held with the State Commodity and Raw Materials Exchange of Turkmenistan, at which opportunities for intensifying cooperation were discussed, including in the field of analytics and technology exchange, which will contribute to increasing the efficiency and competitiveness of the Belarusian and Turkmen stock exchange platforms. It should be added that as of April 30, 2025, 21 residents of Turkmenistan were accredited on the BSE, six of whom came last year to purchase products from the woodworking and dairy industries.

As for **Georgia**, in 2024, the volume of exchange trading with this South Caucasus country grew almost fourfold on the BSE, to just under \$13 million, and 27 new Georgian companies began to use the exchange mechanism. "To date, the Georgian market has mainly been supplied with forestry products, including sawn timber, sleepers, posts, and stakes, as well as dry whole and skimmed milk. In turn, Georgian companies sold raw materials and semi-finished products from poultry, pork, and beef on the exchange,"¹⁵¹. And in March of this year, the first deal for the sale of butter to the Georgian market was registered on the BUTB. The purchase volume amounted to eight tons. It is expected that the expansion of the range of exchange exports to Georgia will serve as an incentive for new

¹⁵⁰ BUTB will assist Turkmen enterprises in entering the Belarusian market [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-posodejstvuet-turkmentskim-predpriyatijam-v-vyhode-na-belorusskij-rynok-712486-2025/>

¹⁵¹ Belarus and Georgia have expanded the range of goods traded on the stock exchange [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-gruzija-rasshirili-tovarnuju-nomenklaturu-birzhevoj-torgovli-704568-2025/>

buyers from this country to enter the Belarusian exchange platform and create the conditions for a further increase in mutual trade turnover.

In March 2025, the first deal to sell Belarusian meat by-products to **Uzbekistan** was also registered. "The Uzbek importer who made the purchase was accredited on the BUTB in February 2025 as part of a series of measures to diversify the sales markets for domestic meat industry products"¹⁵². This indicates that the volume of meat and meat products exported through the Belarusian exchange platform is showing steady positive growth, and the circle of foreign buyers is constantly expanding. In particular, in January-February of this year, foreign companies purchased almost 9,000 tons of meat and semi-finished meat products on the BUTB, which is more than half of the total sales volume in the past year. In monetary terms, exports of meat industry products exceeded \$40 million. At the same time, compared to 2024, the geography of buyers has expanded, and Belarusian meat products are now supplied through the exchange to Azerbaijan, China, Russia, and also to Uzbekistan.

Now let's move on to **East Asia** – to **China**. By mid-May of this year, 274 residents from this country had already been accredited on the BUTB, "four of whom have the status of exchange brokers. Since the beginning of the year, 27 new companies have joined the pool of Chinese users of the exchange platform"¹⁵³. In the same month, Belarusian flax fiber began to be sold to China through the BUTB. "A total of five exchange transactions were concluded with a total volume of 102 tons. The sellers were two leading flax fiber producers from the Vitebsk and Mogilev regions, and the buyer was a Chinese trading company from

¹⁵² Belarus has expanded the range of meat products traded on the exchange to Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-rasshirila-nomenklaturu-birzhevogo-eksporta-mjasnoi-produktsii-v-uzbekistan-702458-2025/>

¹⁵³ A major manufacturer from the Chinese city of Karamay is accredited by BUTB. What will be sold and purchased [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/na-butb-akkreditujut-krupnogo-proizvoditelja-iz-kitajskogo-goroda-karamaj-chto-stanut-prodavati-714542-2025/>

Jiangsu Province specializing in the import of textile products"¹⁵⁴. This event is important for three reasons. First, it is an additional incentive for Belarusian flax factories to offer more products on the exchange. Second, it is a positive signal for Chinese importers who are interested in the Belarusian market but have not yet decided to enter the exchange platform for various reasons. Thirdly, the expansion of the pool of foreign buyers increases the level of competition during BUTB trading sessions, allowing domestic exporters to conclude deals on more favorable terms. Thus, the geography of flax fiber sales through the exchange now covers four countries: China, Latvia, Russia, and Turkey. Cottonized and short fiber, as well as combed lint, are exported. Since the launch of exchange trading in flax fiber, 570 tons of this product have been sold to foreign markets.

Speaking of China, it should be noted that Chinese regions are also actively contributing to increasing trade turnover with the help of the BUTB. For example, **the Xinjiang Uygur Autonomous Region (XUAR)** plans to widely use the exchange mechanism in mutual trade with Belarus, with an emphasis on products with high added value. In May of this year, a business delegation from the city of Karamay, located in the XUAR, agreed at the BSE to develop exchange trading in non-commodity goods, which will contribute to establishing direct contact between producers and consumers of goods in Belarus and the XUAR. Due to the specific nature of Karamay's economy, which is based on oil production and processing, the Chinese side was particularly interested in the regular exchange trading of polymer products, petrochemicals, and lubricants on the domestic market conducted at the BSE. In the first four months of 2025, the total value of transactions for these product groups already exceeded 100 million Belarusian rubles, which is one-third more than the same

¹⁵⁴ Belarusian flax fiber began to be sold to China through the exchange [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belorussskoe-inovolokno-nachali-prodavat-v-kitai-cherez-birzhu-715888-2025/>

indicator for January–April 2024 (). At the same time, demand from Belarusian trading participants is showing steady growth, and the presence of suppliers from this city at the auction would have a positive impact on the level of competition. Karamay, as one of the centers of China's oil industry, can play a key role here. As for promising areas of cooperation in the exchange sector, the parties noted such items as polymer packaging, plastic containers, polyethylene film, technical oils, and additives. Belarus could offer agricultural products, direct supplies from leading Belarusian milk processing enterprises, meat processing plants, and oil extraction plants. As a result of these negotiations, the parties agreed on the accreditation of a large Karamay-based manufacturer of polymer products on the BSTB with the aim of selling plastic containers used for food and non-food products and polyester granules on the Belarusian exchange platform.

As for **Southeast Asian** countries, at the end of the first quarter of 2025, 13 companies from four countries—Vietnam, Indonesia, Malaysia, and Singapore—were registered on the BOTB. On the last day of March, the first company from **Myanmar**, which plans to purchase Belarusian dairy products on the exchange, successfully completed the accreditation procedure. Almost all companies from these five countries have been accredited on the exchange platform over the past six months with the aim of purchasing dairy products. Participants from **Singapore** are the most active in trading. "By the end of 2024, the amount of their transactions had grown 1.6 times, to \$28 million. The entire volume of sales was provided by imports of Belarusian sawn timber, cellulose, and skimmed milk powder. This year, Singaporean exchange trading continues to develop dynamically. Thus, in January–March, the exchange turnover between Belarus and Singapore amounted to \$13.6 million, which is 5.2 times more

than in the first quarter of 2024."¹⁵⁵ . In 2025, Belarusian exports will continue to dominate the structure of exchange trading with Southeast Asian countries, as this is due to the high level of demand for the main export commodities sold through the BSE. These are primarily softwood lumber and dry dairy products. It is expected that in the short and medium term, these product groups will become the key drivers of growth in the volume of exchange transactions between enterprises of the Republic of Belarus and residents of SEE countries.

Speaking of the **Middle Eastern** countries that were among the leaders in terms of the total amount of exchange transactions with Belarusian residents in the first quarter of 2025, we would like to note **the United Arab Emirates (UAE)** as one of the key markets for Belarusian goods in this region. "In January-March, Emirati companies concluded stock exchange transactions for the purchase of Belarusian products worth about \$24 million. This is nine times more than in the first quarter of last year. Belarusian sawn timber, milk powder, and amino acids were in the highest demand among UAE traders,"¹⁵⁶ . In April of this year, the BSE agreed to establish cooperation with the Dubai Gold and Commodities Exchange (DGCX) in the field of clearing, which will improve the efficiency of settlements and reduce the risks for Belarusian traders, especially when conducting cross-border transactions. It is expected that the introduction of clearing with the assistance of the DGCX will help attract large Emirati importers to the BSE and contribute to the further growth of exchange trade between the two countries. And in May 2025, the list of goods involved in exchange trading between Belarus and the

¹⁵⁵ Another Southeast Asian country will trade on the BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/na-butb-budet-torgovat-esche-odna-strana-jugo-vostochnoj-azii-706041-2025/>

¹⁵⁶ BUTB and Dubai Gold and Commodities Exchange to cooperate in clearing [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-i-dubajskaja-birzha-zolota-i-tovarov-budut-sotrudnicat-v-sfere-kliringa-707027-2025/>

UAE expanded again. Now, in addition to sawn timber, dry milk, and feed additives, businesses in both countries have started trading in textile products, with the first deal to sell Belarusian-made cottonized linen fiber to the UAE market. The buyer was an Emirati food and service holding company, one of whose areas of activity is the manufacture of textile products – workwear, bed linen, kitchen towels, and other linen products. It should be noted that "as of May 22, 2025, 35 companies from the UAE are accredited on the BUTB"¹⁵⁷.

Another Middle Eastern country, **Syria**, began using the BUTB platform in May this year to trade with Belarusian dairy companies, where the first deal for the supply of dry milk was concluded. The purchase volume amounted to 100 tons. The seller was one of the leading milk processing enterprises in the Vitebsk region, and the buyer was an importer and distributor of food products from the Syrian province of Idlib, accredited on the BUTB at the end of April. In addition to Syria, the pool of Middle Eastern buyers of domestic dairy products on the exchange also includes countries such as Jordan, Lebanon, the UAE, Oman, and Saudi Arabia. "In the first four months of this year, exchange exports of dairy products reached \$205 million, which is 29% more than in the same period last year. The sales leader is milk powder, accounting for 61% of the total volume of export transactions,"¹⁵⁸.

Turkish companies also actively use digital infrastructure and BOTB tools in trade with Belarusian enterprises, acting as importers and exporters of a range of raw and non-raw materials. Statistics show that "in 2024, the exchange turnover of Belarus and Turkey more than doubled,

¹⁵⁷ Belarus and the UAE have expanded the range of exchange trading [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-oae-rasshirili-nomenklaturu-birzhevoj-torgovli-716548-2025/>

¹⁵⁸ Belarusian dairy products sold to Syria for the first time through BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/beloruskskuju-molochku-vpervye-prodali-v-siriju-cherez-butb-712882-2025/>

reaching \$20.8 million. <...> In particular, in January–April 2025, the growth rate was 109% compared to the same period in 2024"¹⁵⁹ . This year, purchases of Belarusian sawn timber continue to dominate the structure of exchange transactions, accounting for almost 90 percent. At the same time, new commodity items with great potential for scaling up supplies are gradually being added. For example, last year saw the start of sales of Belarusian flax fiber, sugar, wheat gluten, and skimmed milk powder to the Turkish market, and in 2025, the first exchange contracts were concluded for the supply of "vet-blue" semi-finished leather products to Turkey. In addition, Turkish participants regularly purchase ferrous and non-ferrous metal scrap at exchange auctions, supply raw materials to domestic textile manufacturers , and sell equipment for the food industry in our country. It should be added that as of mid-May this year, 112 Turkish residents have already been accredited on the BUTB, more than half of whom came to the Belarusian exchange platform between 2023 and 2025.

On the European continent, **Serbia**, Belarus' key trade and economic partner in the Balkans, stands out in terms of cooperation with the BSE. "Over the past year, the stock exchange turnover between Belarus and Serbia has increased 37 times"¹⁶⁰ . And in the first four months of this year, Serbian companies concluded deals on the exchange for a total amount exceeding three million dollars, which is ten times more than in the same period last year. At the same time, the commodity structure of the exchange trade turnover between Belarus and Serbia has been expanded with new items. In particular, "while in January-April 2024,

¹⁵⁹ The digital infrastructure of BUTB is in demand by Turkish businesses in trade with Belarusian enterprises [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/tsifrovaja-infrastruktura-butb-vostrebovana-turetskim-biznesom-v-torgovle-s-predpriyatijami-belarusi-715310-2025/>

¹⁶⁰ BUTB intends to expand cooperation with Serbian businesses [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-namerena-rasshirjat-sotrudnichestvo-s-biznesom-serbii-704810-2025/>

only Belarusian butter was supplied to Serbia, this year Serbian exchange participants actively purchased skimmed and whole milk powder in Belarus, as well as sold herbicides and sugar beet seeds"¹⁶¹. In May 2025, at the business forum "Logistics, Trade, Investment. Belarus – a key point of entry to the EAEU market" held as part of the Novi Sad International Agricultural Fair in the Serbian city of Novi Sad, representatives of the Belarusian Trade and Economic Chamber focused the attention of Serbian small and medium-sized enterprises operating in the agricultural sector on expanding trade in sugar and rapeseed oil. Intensified cooperation with Serbian businesses will open up additional purchasing opportunities for Belarusian exchange participants, who will be able to purchase the locally produced goods they need, including seeds, plant protection products, and food raw materials, without intermediaries. As of the second half of May, eight Serbian residents were accredited on the BUTB. The immediate plans now are to accredit a brokerage company in this Balkan country, which will represent the interests of the BUTB and assist in attracting Serbian business circles in order to take stock exchange trading between Belarus and Serbia to a qualitatively new level.

Finally, let's see how the Belarusian exchange's ties with its **African** partners develop in 2025. By mid-May of this year, 15 companies from six countries on this continent had already been accredited by the BSE, including Egypt, Kenya, Côte d'Ivoire, Ivory Coast, Seychelles, Senegal, and South Africa. It is believed that in terms of capacity, purchasing power, and demand for Belarusian products, the African market is one of the most promising areas for the development of cross-border exchange trading for Belarus, so the BSE will pay special attention to this region. "African countries are of interest both as potential consumers of goods sold on the

¹⁶¹ Serbian companies' trade turnover on the BSE increased tenfold [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/tovarooborot-serbskih-kompanij-na-butb-vyros-v-10-raz-716218-2025/>

exchange and as suppliers of raw materials needed by Belarusian enterprises. In particular, <...> there is already positive experience in exporting sawn timber and dry milk to the African market"¹⁶². Sugar can also be considered a promising export commodity, according to . As for imports to Belarus from Africa, soybeans and cocoa beans, textile raw materials, mango puree, and other exotic fruits are likely to be in demand.

More specifically, in March of this year, the first exchange transaction for the export of dairy products to **Senegal** was registered on the BUTB. "The subject of the transaction was a batch of 125 tons of whole milk powder. The seller was a large domestic milk processing enterprise from the Grodno region, and the buyer was a Senegalese food importer accredited the day before, headquartered in Dakar"¹⁶³. This fact indicates that this **West African** country is of considerable interest to Belarusian dairy producers. Firstly, Senegal itself is a major consumer of milk powder and regularly needs imports from abroad to meet domestic demand. "Last year, the country imported almost 34,000 tons of milk products worth \$106 million"¹⁶⁴. Second, for Belarusian milk processing enterprises, this is not only a promising sales market, but also an opportunity to strengthen their position in the region as a whole, for example, by using Senegal as a point of access to potential buyers from Guinea, Mauritania, and Mali.

And finally, as of mid-May 2025, 8,350 foreign companies were accredited on the BSE. This fact alone convincingly shows that foreign

¹⁶² BUTB assessed the prospects for expanding stock exchange cooperation with African countries [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-otsenila-perspektivy-rasshirenija-birzhevogo-sotrudnichestva-so-stranami-afriki-714267-2025/>

¹⁶³ Belarus plans to supply dry milk to West Africa through BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-planiruet-postavljat-suhoe-moloko-v-zapadnuju-afriku-cherez-butb-703207-2025/>

¹⁶⁴ Belarus plans to supply milk powder to West Africa via BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-planiruet-postavljat-suhoe-moloko-v-zapadnuju-afriku-cherez-butb-703207-2025/>

firms "on the Belarusian stock exchange <...> will not only increase sales to traditional markets, but also open up new supply channels"¹⁶⁵ . This applies to the Commonwealth of Independent States, as well as East Asia, the Middle East, the Balkans, and West Africa.

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

¹⁶⁵ Zaleski, B. Challenges of Turbulence. The Trajectory of Belarus' International Economic Cooperation / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2025. – P. 41.

References

1. The 11th meeting of the Uzbek-Belarusian Intergovernmental Commission was held in Minsk [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: https://eccis.org/news/29998/v_minske_sostoialos_11-e_zasedanie_sovmestnoj_uzbeksko-belorusskoj_mezhpravitelstvennoj_komissii
2. Exports of fabrics by Kamvol OJSC to Uzbekistan increased tenfold in 2024 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/eksport-tkanej-oao-kamvol-v-uzbekistan-v-2024-godu-vvros-v-10-raz-694868-2025/>
3. Trade turnover between Belarus and Uzbekistan increased 2.3 times over five years [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/tovarooborot-belarusi-i-uzbekistana-zapjat-let-uvlechilsja-v-23-raza-721650-2025/>
4. Uzbekistan is interested in developing industrial cooperation with Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/uzbekistan-zainteresovan-v-razvitiipromkooperatsii-s-belarusiju-721670-2025/>
5. Belarus is ready to increase food and equipment supplies to Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-gotova-naraschivat-postavki-v-uzbekistan-prodovolstvija-i-tehniki-721662-2025/>
6. Belarus almost doubled its exports of agricultural products to Uzbekistan in 2024 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-pochti-vdvoe-narastilaselhozproduksii-v-uzbekistan-v-2024-godu-718637-2025/>
7. Experimental blueberry field and potato variety trials. What agricultural projects connect Belarus and Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/opytnoe-pole-golubiki-i-sortoispytanija-kartoshki-kakie-agrarnye-proekty-svjazyvajut-belarus-i-719983-2025/>
8. Uzbekistan is ready to increase supplies of Belarusian beef and breeding cattle [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/uzbekistan-gotov-naraschivat-postavki-belorusskoj-goviadiny-i-plemennogo-skota-721716-2025/>
9. Belarus. The Taste of Nature exhibition presented at the largest food exhibition in Tashkent [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/ekspozitsija-belarus-the-taste-of-nature-predstavlena-na-krupneishej-pischevoj-vystavke-v-tashkente-707924-2025/>
10. INNOPROM. Central Asia exhibition hosts Belarusian manufacturers' exposition in Tashkent [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/vystavka-innoprom-tsentrlnaja->

[aziia-prinimaet-ekspozitsiju-belorusskih-proizvoditelej-v-tashkente-711830-2025/](#)

11. Belarusian companies represented at petrochemical exhibition in Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: [https://belta.by/economics/view/belorusskie-predpriiatija-predstavleny-na-neftehimicheskoi-vystavke-v-uzbekistane-714580-2025/](#)

12. Belarusian-Uzbek scientific and technical projects competition announced for 2025-2026 [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/society/view/objjavlen-konkurs-belorussko-uzbekskh-nauchno-tehnicheskikh-proektov-na-2025-2026-gody-682523-2024/](#)

13. Aleinik: A unique model of multi-level cooperation has been established between Belarus and Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: [https://belta.by/politics/view/alejnik-mezhdu-belarusiju-i-uzbekistanom-vystroena-unikalnaja-model-mnogourovnevogo-sotrudnichestva-703094-2025/](#)

14. Vice-Rector of BSPU on programs with Uzbek universities: we strive to raise the prestige of teaching professions [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: [https://belta.by/special/society/view/prorektor-bgpu-o-programmah-s-uzbekskimi-vuzami-stremimsja-povysit-prestizh-pedagogicheskikh-professij-694367-2025/](#)

15. "Expanding humanitarian cooperation." Uzbek Cultural Center opened at BSPU [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/society/view/rasshirit-gumanitarnoe-sotrudnichestvo-tsentr-uzbekskoj-kultury-otkryli-v-bgpu-676702-2024/](#)

16. Projects, conferences, exchanges: GrSU and Namangan Pedagogical Institute outline plans for cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/regions/view/proekty-konferentsii-obmeny-grgu-i-namanganskij-pedinstitut-nametili-planv-sotrudnichestva-679709-2024/](#)

17. Joint projects in manufacturing and education. Gomel and Fergana regions strengthen partnership [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: [https://belta.by/regions/view/sovmestnye-proekty-v-proizvodstve-obrazovanii-gomelskaja-i-ferganskaja-oblasti-ukreplajut-partnerstvo-688538-2025/](#)

18. Elevator equipment and waste disposal. Minsk and Tashkent determine vectors of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: [https://belta.by/economics/view/liftovoe-oborudovanie-i-utilizatsija-othodov-minsk-i-tashkent-opredelajut-vektory-vzaimodejstviya-702536-2025/](#)

19. Turchin – Ambassador of Uzbekistan: there are many areas where we could move more intensively [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/regions/view/turchin-poslu-uzbekistana-est-mnogo-napравlenij-gde-my-mogli-by-dvigatsja-bolee-intensivno-622866-2024/](#)

20. Zaleski, B. Address of Partnership – Uzbekistan. Chronicle of Cooperative Interaction / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2024. – 80 p.

21. Transcript of an interview with Belarusian Foreign Minister M. Ryzhenkov on the Belarus 1 TV channel (March 18, 2025, Minsk) [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/cbbbcd73b50db337.html

22. MAZ trucks, dairy products, and environmental issues. What Roman Golovchenko is negotiating in Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <http://www.government.by/ru/content/10746>

23. Belarus presented its products at the largest exhibition in Southeast Asia [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-predstavila-svoju-produktsiju-na-krupnejshej-vystavke-v-jugo-vostochnoj-azii-603968-2023/>

24. Beltopgaz to cooperate with the Vietnam Coconut Association in fertilizer production [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/beltopgaz-budet-sotrudnichat-s-vjetnamskoj-kokosovoj-assotsiatsiej-v-proizvodstve-udobrenij-605045-2023>

25. BSU and UNITECHPROM BSU awarded diplomas at the Vietnam Expo international exhibition [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://bsu.by/news/diplomov-mezhdunarodnov-vvstavki-vietnam-expo-udostoeny-bgu-i-unitekhprom-bgu-d/>

26. Anufrieva, O. Belarusian companies at the Vietnam Expo 2023 exhibition signed contracts worth \$26 million / O. Anufrieva // [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.sb.by/articles/beloruskie-kompanii-na-vystavke-vietnam-ekspo-2023-zaklyuchili-kontrakty-na-26-millionov-dollarov.html>

27. Belarus and Vietnam discussed the development of production ties at a joint business forum [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-vietnam-na-sovmestnom-biznes-forume-obsudili-razvitie-proizvodstvennyh-svjazej-603969-2023/>

28. MFA: Belarus seeks to reach a new level of cooperation with Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/mid-belarus-stremitsja-vyjti-na-novyj-uroven-koooperatsii-s-vjetnamom-603996-2023/>

29. Focus on developing industrial cooperation. What Golovchenko discussed with the Prime Minister of Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/stavka-na-razvitie-promkoooperatsii-o-chem-golovchenko-govoril-s-premjerom-vjetnama-604054-2023/>

30. Golovchenko: Belarus contributes to strengthening Vietnam's food security [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/golovchenko-belarus-vnosit-vklad-v-ukreplenie-prodovolstvennoj-bezopasnosti-vietnama-604073-2023/>
31. 25 new Belarusian medical products will undergo accelerated registration on the Vietnamese market [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/na-rvnke-vietnama-proidut-uskorennuju-registratsiju-25-novyh-belorusskih-medpreparatov-604105-2023/>
32. Minsk and Hanoi signed a cooperation program for 2024-2026 [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/minsk-i-hanoi-podpisali-programmu-sotrudnichestva-na-2024-2026-gody-603833-2023/>
33. Over 150 local companies attended the Belarusian-Vietnamese business forum in Ho Chi Minh City [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belarus.by/ru/business/business-news/belorussko-vietnamskij-biznes-forum-v-xoshimine-posetili-svyshe-150-mestnyx-kompanij-i-177578.html>
34. Minsk Region and Hung Yen Province intend to develop cooperation in industry and agriculture [Electronic resource]. – 2017. – URL: <http://www.belta.by/regions/view/minskaja-oblast-i-provintsija-hyngien-namereny-razvivat-sotrudnichestvo-v-promyshlennosti-i-apk-260807-2017/>
35. Minsk Region is interested in developing cooperation with the Vietnamese province of Hung Yen [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/minskaja-oblast-zainteresovana-v-razvitiisotrudnichestva-s-vietnamskoj-provintsiei-hyngien-564954-2023/>
36. The Brest Region delegation plans to visit the Vietnamese province of Lao Cai in 2024 [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/delegatsija-bresterkoj-oblasti-v-2024-godu-planiruet-posetit-vietnamskuju-provintsiju-laokaj-606206-2023/>
37. Brest Region and Dien Bien Province of Vietnam aim to cooperate in the economic and social spheres [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/brestskaja-oblast-i-vietnamskaja-provintsija-djenbien-natseleny-sotrudnicchat-v-ekonomike-i-sotsialnoj-679595-2024/>
38. Consulate General of Belarus opens in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/generalnoe-konsulstvo-belarusi-otkrylo-vo-vietnamskom-hoshimine-603983-2023/>
39. Varanov, R. Anchor projects, economic complementarity, and seaside resorts. Consul General of Belarus on relations with Ho Chi Minh City / R. Varanov // [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

<https://belta.by/interview/view/jakornye-proekty-vzaimodopolnjaemost-ekonomik-i-morskie-kurorty-genkonsul-belarusi-o-svjazjah-s-hoshiminom-9349/>

40. Direct interaction will be established between the business circles of Belarus and the Vietnamese province of Long An [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/priamoe-vzaimodejstvie-budet-nalazhenno-mezhdu-delovymi-krugami-belarusi-i-vjetnamskoi-provintsii-longan-655987-2024/>

41. Vietnam's Binh Thuan Province counts on Belarus' assistance in modernizing its industry [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/vjetnamskaja-provintsija-binhthuan-rasschityvaet-na-sodejstvie-belarusi-v-modernizatsii-promyshlennosti-671258-2024/>

42. Zaleski, B. Time for Breakthroughs. Dynamics of Reliable Interaction between Belarus and Its Economic Partners / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2025. – 128 p.

43. Kartun: Belarusian exports to African countries tripled at the beginning of the year [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/kartun-belorusskij-eksport-v-strany-afriki-v-nachale-goda-vvros-v-tri-raza-703341-2025/>

44. Cooperation in the political sphere [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: https://egypt.mfa.gov.bv/ru/blr_algeria/political/

45. Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://export.bv/articles/alzhir>

46. On the meeting between Belarusian Foreign Minister S. Aleinik and the President of Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: https://mfa.gov.bv/press/news_mfa/e049817def98777b.html

47. Zaleski, B. In Turbulent Times. The Potential for Inter-State Cooperation in the Age of Globalization / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2019. – 120 p.

48. Yuri Shuleiko: Belarus is extremely interested in strengthening trade and economic relations with Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://www.government.bv/news/yuriy-shulevko-belarus-krayne-zainteresovana-v-ukreplenii-torgovo-ekonomicheskikh-otnosheniv-s>

49. MTZ is exploring opportunities for assembling small tractors in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/mtz-prorabatvvaet-vozmozhnosti-sborki-malogabaritnyh-traktorov-v-alzhire-709669-2025/>

50. New horizons for partnership. AMKODOR intends to supply equipment to Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/novye-gorizonty-partnerstva-amkodor-nameren-postavljat-oborudovanie-v-alzhir-709828-2025/>

51. MAZ assembly production may be established in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/sborochnoe-proizvodstvo-maz-mogut-sozdat-v-alzhire-709604-2025/>

52. First meeting of the Belarusian-Algerian Intergovernmental Joint Commission [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belpharmprom.by/news/pervoe-zasedanie-belorussko-alzhirskov-mezhpravitelstvennov-sovmestnov-komissii-/>

53. Belarusian enterprises presented their potential at the food industry exhibition in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belorusskie-predpriyatija-predstavili-potentsial-na-vystavke-pischevoj-promyshlennosti-v-alzhire-629938-2024/>

54. Belarusian producers present their best food products at the Djazagro exhibition in Algeria [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belorusskie-proizvoditeli-prezentuiut-luchshie-produkty-pitanija-na-vystavke-djazagro-v-alzhire-707659-2025/>

55. Haftar: Libya is interested in Belarusian equipment and technologies in the agro-industrial complex [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/komanduiuschii-livijaskoj-natsionalnoj-armicii-livija-zainteresovana-v-belorusskoj-tehnike-i-696755-2025/>

56. Belarus will help Libya with the introduction of modern technologies for the extraction of natural resources [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-pomozhet-livii-s-vnedreniem-sovremennyh-tehnologii-dlja-dobychi-prirodnih-resursov-701761-2025/>

57. From product deliveries to joint projects. Belarus and Libya to discuss areas of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/ot-postavok-produktsii-do-sovmestnyh-proektov-belarus-i-livija-obsudiat-napravlenija-sotrudnichestva-716915-2025/>

58. The Ministry of Agriculture and Food explained what joint projects in the agricultural sector Belarus and Libya could implement [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/kakie-sovmestnye-proekty-v-agrosfere-mogut-realizovat-belarus-i-livija-pojasnili-v-minselhozprode-717025-2025/>

59. A magnet for business circles. House of Belarus opens in Libya [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/mesto-pritjazhenija-biznes-krugov-dom-belarusi-otkrylsja-v-livii-716988-2025/>

60. Efimov: Memorandum with Guinea-Bissau opens up a new export market for Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL:

<https://belta.by/economics/view/efimov-memorandum-s-gvineei-bisau-otkryvaet-dlja-belarusi-novyi-eksportnyi-rynok-713426-2025/>

61. MTZ considers the possibility of supplying small-sized equipment to Guinea-Bissau [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/mtz-rassmatrivaet-vozmozhnost-postavki-malogabaritnoj-tehniki-v-gvineju-bisau-713943-2025/>

62. Agricultural education, product supplies. What Belarus and Guinea-Bissau agreed on in the agro-industrial complex [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/agrarnoe-obrazovanie-postavki-produktsii-o-chem-dogovorilis-v-apk-belarusi-gvineja-bisau-713415-2025/>

63. Visa waiver, agribusiness, industry. Belarus and Guinea-Bissau sign memoranda on strengthening cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/otmena-viz-apk-promyshlennost-belarusi-gvineja-bisau-podpisali-memorandumy-poukrepleniiu-713383-2025/>

64. Brief description of Uganda's economy [Electronic resource]. – 2021. – URL: https://kenya.mfa.gov.by/ru/export_uganda/

65. Byasharova, A.R. Uganda: socio-economic development, trade, international regional cooperation / A.R. Byasharova, L.V. Achalova // International Trade and Trade Policy. – 2021. – Volume 7. – No. 3(27). – Pp. 30–42.

66. Golovchenko to pay official visits to Uganda and Qatar [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/golovchenko-posetit-s-ofitsialnymi-vizitami-ugandu-i-katar-697115-2025/>

67. Golovchenko: It is important for Belarus and Uganda to create an intergovernmental committee to support joint projects [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/golovchenko-belarusi-i-ugande-vazhno-sozdat-mezhpravkomitet-dlja-soprovozhdenija-sovmestnyh-proektov-697750-2025/>

68. Cooperation in agriculture. What Golovchenko proposed to the President of Uganda [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/kooperatsija-v-selskom-hozjajstve-chtogolovchenko-predlozhit-prezidentu-ugandy-697642-2025/>

69. Belarusian tractor production may be organized in Uganda [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/proizvodstvo-belorusskih-tractorov-mogut-organizovat-v-ugande-697763-2025/>

70. Ministry of Communications: Belarusian experience in digital development may be in high demand in Uganda [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/minsvjazi-belorusskij-opyt-tsifrovogo-razvitija-mozhet-byt-ochen-vostrebovan-v-ugande-697664-2025/>

71. Zaleski, B. The potential for implementing the agreements reached / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2023. – 80 p.

72. On the first meeting of the Joint Permanent Commission on Cooperation between Belarus and Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/c39b1509985063cc.html

73. Transcript of Foreign Minister S. Aleinik's press conference following his visit to Zimbabwe (February 23, 2024, Harare) [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

<https://mfa.gov.by/press/smi/b0f6472abc0e46d5.html>

74. Ministries of Industry of Belarus and Zimbabwe sign Memorandum of Cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://minprom.gov.by/18605-2/>

75. Belarus begins supplying tractors and combine harvesters to Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-nachinaet-postavljat-traktornuju-tehniku-i-kombajny-v-zimbabwe-616746-2024/>

76. Thirty-one tractors purchased in Belarus were put into operation in the capital of Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/v-stolitse-zimbabwe-vveli-v-ekspluatatsiju-31-traktor-zakuplennyj-v-belarusi-612817-2024/>

77. Aleinik: Belarus is ready to organize a joint business forum with Zimbabwe in Minsk [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belarus.by/ru/business/business-news/aleinik-belarus-gotova-organizovat-v-minske-sovmestnyj-s-zimbabwe-biznes-forum-i-167916.html>

78. The Ministries of Health of Belarus and Zimbabwe have identified areas for cooperation in medicine [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/minzdravv-belarusi-i-zimbabwe-opredelili-puti-sotrudnichestva-v-meditsine-617370-2024/>

79. Belarus and Zimbabwe want to jointly enter the markets of southern African countries [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/belarus-i-zimbabwe-hotjat-vmeste-vyhodit-na-rynki-juzhnyh-stran-afriki-617255-2024/>

80. Belarus to present large-scale exhibition at multi-sector trade fair in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-predstavit-masshtabnuju-ekspozitsiju-na-mnogootraslevoj-vystavke-v-zimbabwe-616800-2024/>

81. Zimbabwe interested in developing stock exchange trading with Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/zimbabwe-zainteresovano-v-razvitiibirzhevoj-torgovli-s-belarusiju-617283-2024/>

82. Special course in 35 days. Teachers from the Civil Protection University of the Ministry of Emergency Situations trained specialists in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/spetskurs-za-35-dnej-prepodavatelyi-universiteta-grazhdanskoj-zaschity-mchs-obuchili-spetsialistov-v-600251-2023/>

83. Belarus and Zimbabwe to develop a comprehensive roadmap for cooperation until 2030 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/belarus-i-zimbabve-razrabotajut-vseobjemljushchiju-dorozhnuju-kartu-sotrudnichestva-do-2030-goda-709475-2025/>

84. Muzimba, I.G. Distance is no obstacle to friendship and cooperation / I.G. Muzimba // [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/special/interview/view/posol-zimbabve-rasstoianie-ne-pomeha-dlja-druzhbvy-i-sotrudnichestva-9640/>

85. Karankevich: Cooperation between Belarus and Zimbabwe in agriculture has proven its effectiveness [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/karankevich-sotrudnichestvo-belarusi-i-zimbabve-v-selskom-hozjajstve-dokazalo-svoju-effektivnost-709306-2025/>

86. Belarus and Zimbabwe plan to develop industrial cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-zimbabve-planirujut-razvivat-promkooperatsiju-709565-2025/>

87. Government delegation notes success of Belarusian technology in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/pravitelstvennaja-delegatsija-otmetila-uspeh-belorusskoj-tehniki-v-zimbabve-709260-2025/>

88. Belgospisheprom is working on food supplies to Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belgospisheprom-prorabatyvaet-postavki-pischevoj-produktsii-v-zimbabve-709216-2025/>

89. Belarus signed an agreement with Zimbabwe on the production, assembly, and sale of buses [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-podpisala-s-zimbabve-soglashenie-o-proizvodstve-sborke-i-prodazhe-avtobusov-709476-2025/>

90. Belarusian enterprises represented at a multi-sector exhibition in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belorusskie-predpriyatija-predstavleny-na-mnogootraslevoj-vystavke-v-zimbabve-710492-2025/>

91. Bobruiskagromash to increase equipment supplies to Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/bobruiskagromash-uvelichit-postavki-tehniki-v-zimbabve-711570-2025/>

92. Belarus and Zimbabwe signed a package of documents following negotiations between Lukashenko and Mnangagwa [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/politics/view/belarus-i-zimbabve-podpisali-paket-dokumentov-po-itogam-peregovorov-lukashenko-i-mnangagvy-714764>

93. Technology, infrastructure, personnel training. What Belarus and Zimbabwe agreed on in the agricultural sector [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/tehnologii-infrastruktura-podgotovka-kadrov-o-chem-dogovorilis-v-agrarnoi-sfere-belarus-i-zimbabve-714560-2025/>

94. Sunflower oil, milk. What other goods from Belarus are Zimbabwe interested in [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/podsolnechnoe-maslo-moloko-v-kakih-esche-tovarah-iz-belarusi-zainteresovano-zimbabve-719338-2025/>

95. Target of \$100 million. Lukashenko announced tangible practical results in cooperation with Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/president/view/lukashenko-zajavil-ob-oschutimyh-prakticheskikh-rezultatah-v-sotrudnichestve-s-zimbabve-714735-2025/>

96. Gorlov: Belarus is ready to build turnkey grain drying complexes and grain storage facilities in Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/gorlov-belarus-gotova-postroit-pod-kljuch-zernosushilnye-kompleksy-i-zernohranilischa-v-zimbabve-714729-2025/>

97. Belarus plans to organize tractor production in Zimbabwe by 2027 [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-k-2027-godu-planiruet-organizovat-v-zimbabve-proizvodstvo-traktornoj-tehniki-714713-2025/>

98. Agricultural machinery, dairy products, and cotton. Areas in which Zimbabwe wants to cooperate with Belarus [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/selhoztehnika-molochnaja-produktsija-i-hlopok-po-kakim-napravlenijam-v-zimbabve-hotjat-sotrudnicat-s-714434-2025/>

99. Zimbabwe offers Belarus joint mineral resource extraction [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/zimbabve-predlagaet-belarusi-zanjatsja-sovmestnoj-dobychej-mineralnyh-resursov-714772-2025/>

100. Dump trucks, garbage trucks, water trucks. What companies from Zimbabwe are ready to buy from MAZ [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/samosvaly-musorovozy-vodovozy-chto-kompanii-iz-zimbabve-gotovy-zakupat-u-maza-714537-2025/>

101. BELTA and the Zimbabwe Broadcasting Corporation signed a memorandum of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL:

<https://belta.by/society/view/belta-i-zimbabviiskaja-teleradioveschatelnaja-korporatsija-podpisali-memorandum-o-sotrudnicestve-714588-2025/>

102. Belarus and Zimbabwe agreed to establish a commission at the level of heads of state [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/president/view/belarus-i-zimbabve-dogovorilis-sozdat-komissiju-na-urovne-glav-gosudarstv-714768-2025/>

103. New joint projects identified during talks between the presidents of Belarus and Zimbabwe [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/president/view/novve-sovmestnye-proekty-opredeleny-na-peregovorah-prezidentov-belarusi-i-zimbabve-714763-2025/>

104. Presidents of Belarus and Equatorial Guinea sign roadmap for cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: https://www.belta.by/president/view/prezidenty-belarusi-i-ekvatorialnoj-gvinei-podpisali-dorozhnyu-kartu-po-razvitiu-sotrudnichestva-604377-2023/?utm_source=belta&utm_medium=news&utm_campaign=accent

105. Zaleski, B.L. The goal is to promote specific projects / B.L. Zaleski // Materials of the XX International scientific and practical conference “Fundamental and applied science – 2023”, October 30 – November 7, 2023: Sheffield. Science and education LTD. – C. 11–14.

106. On the visit of Belarusian Foreign Minister S. Aleinik to Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/ddb586f041dd247f.html

107. Belarusian Ministry of Industry discussed areas of bilateral cooperation with Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/minprom-belarusi-obsudil-napravlenija-dvustoronnego-sotrudnichestva-s-ekvatorialnoj-gvineei-599714-2023/>

108. Rogozhnik: Equatorial Guinea could become a hub for the supply of Belarusian equipment to neighboring countries [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/rogozhnik-ekvatorialnaja-gvineja-mozhet-stat-habom-dlja-postavki-belorusskoj-tehniki-v-sosednie-strany-604414-2023/>

109. Belarus will help feed people in Equatorial Guinea. Bartosz shared his ambitious plans [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-pomozhet-nakormit-ljudi-v-ekvatorialnoj-gvinee-bartosz-podelilsja-ambitsioznymi-planami-604413-2023>

110. Belarus plans to supply agricultural machinery, seeds, and food to Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/belarus-planiruet-postavliat-v->

[ekvatorialnuju-gvineju-selhoztehniku-semena-i-prodovolstvie-599940-2023/](#)

111. Proposal to build Equatorial Guinea's healthcare system based on the Belarusian model [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: [https://www.belta.by/society/view/sistemu-zdravoohraneniya-v-ekvatorialnoj-gvinee-predlagajut-postroit-po-belorusskim-lekalam-604422-2023](#)

112. Equatorial Guinea is interested in joint projects with Belarus in the field of healthcare [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: [https://www.belta.by/society/view/ekvatorialnaja-gvineja-zainteresovana-v-sovmestnyh-proektah-s-belarusiju-v-sfere-zdravoohraneniya-604276-2023](#)

113. Belarus and Equatorial Guinea will develop cooperation in the scientific and technical sphere [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: [https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaja-gvineja-budut-razvivat-sotrudnichestvo-v-nauchno-tehnicheskoi-sfere-599740-2023/](#)

114. Belarus and Equatorial Guinea to establish cooperation in personnel training [Electronic resource]. – 2023. – URL: [https://www.belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaja-gvineja-naladiat-sotrudnichestvo-v-podgotovke-kadrov-599731-2023/](#)

115. Belarus and Equatorial Guinea strengthen guarantees for mutual investment protection [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaja-gvineja-ukreplajut-garantii-po-vzaimnoj-zaschite-investitsij-628593-2024/](#)

116. Ministry of Industry intends to implement six comprehensive projects with Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/economics/view/minprom-nameren-realizovat-6-kompleksnyh-proektov-s-ekvatorialnoj-gvineej-607364-2023/](#)

117. Overview of the construction market in Equatorial Guinea [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://budexport.by/equatorial-guinea/](#)

118. Belarus and Equatorial Guinea to boost cooperation in the construction sector [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/society/view/belarus-i-ekvatorialnaja-gvineja-pridatut-impuls-sotrudnichestvu-v-stroitelnoj-sfere-644244-2024/](#)

119. The Ministries of Education of Belarus and Equatorial Guinea have signed a cooperation agreement [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: [https://belta.by/society/view/minobrazovaniya-belarusi-i-ekvatorialnoj-gvinei-zakljuchili-soglasenie-o-sotrudnichestve-658002-2024/](#)

120. Citizens of Equatorial Guinea will come to study at Belarusian medical universities for the first time this year [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: [https://belta.by/society/view/grazhdane-ekvatorialnoj-](#)

[gvinei-v-etom-godu-vpervye-priedut-na-obuchenie-v-belorusskie-medvuzv-720328-2025/4](#)

121. Ministry of Foreign Affairs: Nicaragua is a promising partner for Belarus, we have something to offer this country [Electronic resource].

– 2024. – URL: [https://www.belta.by/politics/view/mid-nikaragua-perspektivnyi-partner-dlja-belarusi-nam-est-cto-predlozhit-etoj-strane-648934-2024/](#)

122. Golovchenko announced the delivery of more than 700 units of Belarusian equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. –

URL: [https://www.belta.by/economics/view/golovchenko-anonsiroval-postavku-bolee-700-edinits-belorusskoj-tehniki-v-nikaragua-648959-2024/](#)

123. Zaleski, B. Priorities of Multivectorism. Chronicle of Belarus' international economic cooperation with interested partners on different continents / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2024. – 700 p.

124. MAZ is ready to expand trade cooperation with Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

[https://belta.by/economics/view/maz-gotov-pristupit-k-rasshireniju-torgovogo-sotrudnichestva-s-nikaragua-627739-2024/](#)

125. Minsk and Managua have identified areas of cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

[https://www.belta.by/regions/view/minsk-i-managua-opredelili-napravlenija-sotrudnichestva-637016-2024/](#)

126. Belarus and Nicaragua have discussed practical aspects of cooperation on equipment supplies [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

[https://www.belta.by/special/economics/view/belarus-i-nikaragua-obsudili-prakticheskie-aspektv-sotrudnichestva-po-postavkam-tehniki-637745-2024/](#)

127. AMKODOR to supply road construction equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

[https://www.belta.by/economics/view/amkodor-postavit-dorozhno-stroitelnuju-tehniku-v-nikaragua-641599-2024/](#)

128. Contracts worth \$85 million signed during Roman Golovchenko's visit to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

[https://www.government.by/ru/content/10955](#)

129. Minsk Automobile Plant to supply \$38 million worth of freight vehicles to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

[https://www.belta.by/economics/view/minskij-avtomobilnyi-zavod-postavit-v-nikaragua-gruzovuju-tehniku-na-38-mln-649162-2024/](#)

130. “An unprecedented step.” AMKODOR on a major contract to supply equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL:

[https://belta.by/economics/view/bespretsedennyi-shag-amkodor-o-bolshom-kontrakte-na-postavku-tehniki-v-nikaragua-649135-2024/](#)

131. Minsk Tractor Works to supply 36 tractors to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/minskij-traktornvi-zavod-postavit-v-nikaragua-36-traktorov-649128-2024/>

132. Electric transport, agricultural machinery, and pharmaceuticals. How business relations between Belarus and Nicaragua will develop [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://www.belta.by/economics/view/elektrotransport-selhoztehnika-i-farmatsija-kak-budut-prodvigatsja-biznes-otnoshenija-belarusi-i-649101-2024/>

133. The first batch of Belarusian equipment arrived in Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/pervaja-partija-belorusskoj-tehniki-pribyla-v-nikaragua-653105-2024/>

134. A pilot batch of MAZ dump trucks was delivered to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/v-nikaragua-sostojalas-peredacha-pilotnoj-partii-samosvalov-maz-664699-2024/>

135. Amkodor delivered the first batch of equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/amkodor-peredal-pervuiu-partiiu-tehniki-v-nikaragua-715513-2025/>

136. On the visit of Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs of Belarus E. Shestakov to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: https://mfa.gov.by/press/news_mfa/cab0186a90fd2361.html

137. Cooperation in the fields of emergency response, medicine, and education. What Belarus offers Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/sotrudnichestvo-po-linii-mchs-meditiny-obrazovaniya-cto-belarus-predlagaet-nikaragua-716393-2025/>

138. Belarus and Nicaragua signed contracts worth \$36 million [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-nikaragua-podpisali-kontrakty-na-36-mln-716679-2025/>

139. Belarus to supply more than 280 units of equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-postavit-v-nikaragua-bolee-280-edinits-tehniki-716779-2025/>

140. Nicaragua signed new agreements with Chinese companies [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://ruso.prensa-latina.cu/2024/11/19/%D0%BD%D0%B8%D0%BA%D0%B0%D1%80%D0%B0%D0%B3%D1%83%D0%B0-%D0%BF%D0%BE%D0%B4%D0%BF%D0%B8%D1%81%D0%B0%D0%BB%D0%B0-%D0%BD%D0%BE%D0%B2%D1%8B%D0%B5->

[%D1%81%D0%BE%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B0%D1%88%D0%B5%D0%BD%D0%B8/](#)

141. Belarus is working on supplying firefighting equipment, medicines, and medical equipment to Nicaragua [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-prorabatyvaet-postavki-v-nikaragua-pozharnoj-tehniki-lekarstv-i-medoborudovanija-717174-2025/>

142. Nicaragua is interested in purchasing Belarusian medicines [Electronic resource]. – 2024. – URL: <https://belta.by/society/view/nikaragua-zainteresovana-v-zakupke-belorusskih-lekarstv-682583-2024/>

143. Kukharev said that the twinning agreement with Managua will benefit Minsk [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/regions/view/kuharev-rasskazal-chto-dast-minsku-soglashenie-o-pobratimstve-s-managua-713714-2025/>

144. The number of transactions on the BUTB auction in the first quarter increased by a third [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/kolichestvo-sdelok-na-torgah-butb-za-i-kvartal-vvroslo-na-tret-712291-2025/>

145. Stock exchange turnover in Belarus and Russia grew by 17% [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/birzhevoj-tovarooborot-belarusi-i-rossii-vvros-na-17-706573-2025/>

146. BUTB: Russian companies continue to lead in terms of the total value of stock exchange transactions [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-rossijskie-kompanii-po-prezhnemu-lidirujut-po-summe-birzhevyh-sdelok-715396-2025/>

147. One of Russia's largest construction holdings plans to cooperate with BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/odin-iz-krupnejshih-stroitelnyh-holdingov-rossii-planiruet-sotrudnichestvo-s-butb-716037-2025/>

148. Stock exchange trading accounted for more than 20% of Belarus and Azerbaijan's trade turnover [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/birzhevaia-torgovlja-obespechila-bolee-20-tovarooborota-belarusi-i-azerbajdzhana-712981-2025/>

149. BUTB and the Embassy of Turkmenistan agree on cooperation [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-i-posolstvo-turkmenistana-dogovorilis-o-sotrudnichestve-707495-2025/>

150. BUTB will assist Turkmen enterprises in entering the Belarusian market [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-posodejstvuet-turkmenским-predpriyatijam-v-vyhode-na-belorusskij-rynok-712486-2025/>

151. Belarus and Georgia have expanded the range of goods traded on the exchange [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-gruzija-rasshirili-tovarnuju-nomenklaturu-birzhevoj-torgovli-704568-2025/>

152. Belarus has expanded the range of meat products exported to Uzbekistan [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-rasshirila-nomenklaturu-birzhevogo-eksporta-mjasnoj-produktsii-v-uzbekistan-702458-2025/>

153. A major producer from the Chinese city of Karamay is accredited on the BUTB. What will be sold and bought [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/na-butb-akkreditujut-krupnogo-proizvoditelja-iz-kitajskogo-goroda-karamaj-chto-stanut-prodavati-714542-2025/>

154. Belarusian flax fiber began to be sold to China through the exchange [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belorussskoe-lnovolokno-nachali-prodavati-v-kitaj-cherez-birzhu-715888-2025/>

155. Another Southeast Asian country will trade on the BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/na-butb-budet-torgovat-esche-odna-strana-jugo-vostochnoj-azii-706041-2025/>

156. BSE and Dubai Gold and Commodities Exchange to cooperate in clearing [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-i-dubajskaja-birzha-zolota-i-tovarov-budet-sotrudnichestvo-s-sfere-kliringa-707027-2025/>

157. Belarus and the UAE have expanded the range of exchange trading [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-i-oae-rasshirili-nomenklaturu-birzhevoj-torgovli-716548-2025/>

158. Belarusian dairy products sold to Syria for the first time through the BSTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belorussskuiu-molochku-vpervye-prodali-v-siriju-cherez-butb-712882-2025/>

159. Turkish businesses in trade with Belarusian enterprises demand BUTB's digital infrastructure [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/tsifrovaja-infrastruktura-butb-vostrebovana-turetskim-biznesom-v-torgovle-s-predpriyatijami-belarusi-715310-2025/>

160. BUTB intends to expand cooperation with Serbian businesses [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-namerena-rasshirjati-sotrudnichestvo-s-biznesom-serbii-704810-2025/>

161. Serbian companies' trade turnover on the BSE increased tenfold [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL:

<https://belta.by/economics/view/tovarooborot-serbskih-kompanij-na-butb-vvros-v-10-raz-716218-2025/>

162. BSE assessed the prospects for expanding stock exchange cooperation with African countries [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/butb-otsenila-perspektivy-rasshirenija-birzhevogo-sotrudnichestva-so-stranami-afriki-714267-2025/>

163. Senegal began purchasing Belarusian dairy products at exchange auctions [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/senegal-nachal-pokupat-belorusskiju-molochnuju-produksiju-na-birzhevyh-torgah-705041-2025/>

164. Belarus plans to supply milk powder to West Africa through BUTB [Electronic resource]. – 2025. – URL: <https://belta.by/economics/view/belarus-planiruet-postavljat-suhoe-moloko-v-zapadnuju-afriku-cherez-butb-703207-2025/>

165. Zaleski, B. Challenges of Turbulence. The Trajectory of Belarus' International Economic Cooperation / Boris Zaleski. – LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2025. – 92 p.

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY

**More
Books!**

yes
I want morebooks!

Buy your books fast and straightforward online – at one of world's fastest growing online book stores! Environmentally sound due to Print-on-Demand technologies.

Buy your books online at
www.morebooks.shop

Kaufen Sie Ihre Bücher schnell und unkompliziert online – auf einer der am schnellsten wachsenden Buchhandelsplattformen weltweit! Dank Print-On-Demand umwelt- und ressourcenschonend produziert.

Bücher schneller online kaufen
www.morebooks.shop



info@omniscryptum.com
www.omniscryptum.com

OMNIScriptum



FOR AUTHOR USE ONLY